

Muscatine's Largest  
Newspaper

\* VOLUME 1, NUMBER 240

I. N. S. Daily Wire Service

News While It's News

MID-WEST

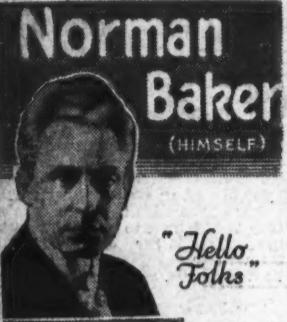
FREE PRESS

REG. U. S. PAT. OFF.

Muscatine, Iowa, Sunday, September 27, 1931

Iowa's Fastest  
Growing Newspaper

FIVE CENTS THE COPY



# LENKER GRANTED FREEDOM UNDER BOND

## Objector to Cow Test Tells His Experience

### Charge Filed Thurs- day Entered at Court House Friday

### INCOME TAXES COLLECTOINS SHOW DECLINE

### American Public Debt Shows Another Big Increase

WASHINGTON—(INS)—Indica-  
tions for September would ap-  
proach \$270,000,000, a reduction of  
about \$225,000,000 were seen at the  
treasury today.

While he was held prisoner, from the  
time he was arrested to the time he  
left his family at an early hour Thurs-  
day morning, until he was taken to  
Cedar Rapids, Mr. Lenker was  
transported into two counties be-  
sides Cedar, although the information  
against him was entered in the Cedar  
county district court. He will  
have a hearing on charges of con-  
tempt, for which he was arrested by  
military authorities in Tipton, Oct. 1,  
before Judge Ring.

The information against him was  
sworn to by Dr. J. H. McLeod, a  
state veterinarian. The charges  
arose out of a demonstration at the  
Lenker farm last Monday when 65  
veterinarians and state officials  
came there to test the cattle. They  
were met by a crowd of some 300  
farmers who prevented them from  
making the tests.

**Maxson Files Affidavit.**

With the state officials who went  
to the Lenker farm was Foster Max-  
son, sheriff of Cedar county, who  
swore to an affidavit which was at-  
tached to the charge filed by Mc-  
Leod.

According to the affidavit filed by  
Maxson, the 300 farmers were  
"armed with pitchforks, pitch pipes,  
clubs, stones and other implements."  
The information also charges that  
Lenker was present and lending en-  
couragement to the farmers' action  
and that at no time did Mr. Len-  
ker make an effort to dislodge the  
crowd.

As a result of this information a  
squad of soldiers called at the  
Lenker home at about daybreak  
Thursday morning, arrested Mr.  
Lenker and took him to the camp  
at the fair grounds near Tipton,  
where no one, not even his son, was  
permitted to see him.

**Confined In Stable.**  
According to Mr. J. H. McLeod  
who was confined there, and un-  
til he asked for it, was given nothing  
upon which to sit. When he re-  
quested something to rest upon, he  
said, an army cot was provided.

That same afternoon, the farmer  
said, he was, without being in-  
formed where he was to be taken,  
ordered out of his "cell" and with  
an armed guard in front, another  
in the rear and one on each side,  
was permitted to see him.

**Public Debt Increases**

The American public debt al-  
ready has been increased over \$500,-  
000,000 this fiscal year and there is  
now seen the probability of a boost  
from July 1, 1931 to June 30, 1932,  
of more than a billion dollars.

The government has issued \$1,-  
885,744,000 in new securities this  
fiscal year, with heavy maturing  
scheduled for the remainder of the  
12 months. Next week \$100,000,000  
will be issued to meet a  
maturity of the same amount.

The government has issued \$1,-  
885,744,000 in new securities this  
fiscal year, with heavy maturing  
scheduled for the remainder of the  
12 months. Next week \$100,000,000  
will be issued to meet a  
maturity of the same amount.

The country must realize it will  
be necessary to raise revenue all  
along the line in order to meet the  
present situation," he said.

**Confined In Stable.**  
According to Mr. J. H. McLeod  
who was confined there, and un-  
til he asked for it, was given nothing  
upon which to sit. When he re-  
quested something to rest upon, he  
said, an army cot was provided.

That same afternoon, the farmer  
said, he was, without being in-  
formed where he was to be taken,  
ordered out of his "cell" and with  
an armed guard in front, another  
in the rear and one on each side,  
was permitted to see him.

**Public Debt Increases**

The American public debt al-  
ready has been increased over \$500,-  
000,000 this fiscal year and there is  
now seen the probability of a boost  
from July 1, 1931 to June 30, 1932,  
of more than a billion dollars.

The government has issued \$1,-  
885,744,000 in new securities this  
fiscal year, with heavy maturing  
scheduled for the remainder of the  
12 months. Next week \$100,000,000  
will be issued to meet a  
maturity of the same amount.

The country must realize it will  
be necessary to raise revenue all  
along the line in order to meet the  
present situation," he said.

**Confined In Stable.**  
According to Mr. J. H. McLeod  
who was confined there, and un-  
til he asked for it, was given nothing  
upon which to sit. When he re-  
quested something to rest upon, he  
said, an army cot was provided.

That same afternoon, the farmer  
said, he was, without being in-  
formed where he was to be taken,  
ordered out of his "cell" and with  
an armed guard in front, another  
in the rear and one on each side,  
was permitted to see him.

**Public Debt Increases**

The American public debt al-  
ready has been increased over \$500,-  
000,000 this fiscal year and there is  
now seen the probability of a boost  
from July 1, 1931 to June 30, 1932,  
of more than a billion dollars.

The government has issued \$1,-  
885,744,000 in new securities this  
fiscal year, with heavy maturing  
scheduled for the remainder of the  
12 months. Next week \$100,000,000  
will be issued to meet a  
maturity of the same amount.

The country must realize it will  
be necessary to raise revenue all  
along the line in order to meet the  
present situation," he said.

**Confined In Stable.**  
According to Mr. J. H. McLeod  
who was confined there, and un-  
til he asked for it, was given nothing  
upon which to sit. When he re-  
quested something to rest upon, he  
said, an army cot was provided.

That same afternoon, the farmer  
said, he was, without being in-  
formed where he was to be taken,  
ordered out of his "cell" and with  
an armed guard in front, another  
in the rear and one on each side,  
was permitted to see him.

**Public Debt Increases**

The American public debt al-  
ready has been increased over \$500,-  
000,000 this fiscal year and there is  
now seen the probability of a boost  
from July 1, 1931 to June 30, 1932,  
of more than a billion dollars.

The government has issued \$1,-  
885,744,000 in new securities this  
fiscal year, with heavy maturing  
scheduled for the remainder of the  
12 months. Next week \$100,000,000  
will be issued to meet a  
maturity of the same amount.

The country must realize it will  
be necessary to raise revenue all  
along the line in order to meet the  
present situation," he said.

**Confined In Stable.**  
According to Mr. J. H. McLeod  
who was confined there, and un-  
til he asked for it, was given nothing  
upon which to sit. When he re-  
quested something to rest upon, he  
said, an army cot was provided.

That same afternoon, the farmer  
said, he was, without being in-  
formed where he was to be taken,  
ordered out of his "cell" and with  
an armed guard in front, another  
in the rear and one on each side,  
was permitted to see him.

**Public Debt Increases**

The American public debt al-  
ready has been increased over \$500,-  
000,000 this fiscal year and there is  
now seen the probability of a boost  
from July 1, 1931 to June 30, 1932,  
of more than a billion dollars.

The government has issued \$1,-  
885,744,000 in new securities this  
fiscal year, with heavy maturing  
scheduled for the remainder of the  
12 months. Next week \$100,000,000  
will be issued to meet a  
maturity of the same amount.

The country must realize it will  
be necessary to raise revenue all  
along the line in order to meet the  
present situation," he said.

**Confined In Stable.**  
According to Mr. J. H. McLeod  
who was confined there, and un-  
til he asked for it, was given nothing  
upon which to sit. When he re-  
quested something to rest upon, he  
said, an army cot was provided.

That same afternoon, the farmer  
said, he was, without being in-  
formed where he was to be taken,  
ordered out of his "cell" and with  
an armed guard in front, another  
in the rear and one on each side,  
was permitted to see him.

**Public Debt Increases**

The American public debt al-  
ready has been increased over \$500,-  
000,000 this fiscal year and there is  
now seen the probability of a boost  
from July 1, 1931 to June 30, 1932,  
of more than a billion dollars.

The government has issued \$1,-  
885,744,000 in new securities this  
fiscal year, with heavy maturing  
scheduled for the remainder of the  
12 months. Next week \$100,000,000  
will be issued to meet a  
maturity of the same amount.

The country must realize it will  
be necessary to raise revenue all  
along the line in order to meet the  
present situation," he said.

**Confined In Stable.**  
According to Mr. J. H. McLeod  
who was confined there, and un-  
til he asked for it, was given nothing  
upon which to sit. When he re-  
quested something to rest upon, he  
said, an army cot was provided.

That same afternoon, the farmer  
said, he was, without being in-  
formed where he was to be taken,  
ordered out of his "cell" and with  
an armed guard in front, another  
in the rear and one on each side,  
was permitted to see him.

**Public Debt Increases**

The American public debt al-  
ready has been increased over \$500,-  
000,000 this fiscal year and there is  
now seen the probability of a boost  
from July 1, 1931 to June 30, 1932,  
of more than a billion dollars.

The government has issued \$1,-  
885,744,000 in new securities this  
fiscal year, with heavy maturing  
scheduled for the remainder of the  
12 months. Next week \$100,000,000  
will be issued to meet a  
maturity of the same amount.

The country must realize it will  
be necessary to raise revenue all  
along the line in order to meet the  
present situation," he said.

**Confined In Stable.**  
According to Mr. J. H. McLeod  
who was confined there, and un-  
til he asked for it, was given nothing  
upon which to sit. When he re-  
quested something to rest upon, he  
said, an army cot was provided.

That same afternoon, the farmer  
said, he was, without being in-  
formed where he was to be taken,  
ordered out of his "cell" and with  
an armed guard in front, another  
in the rear and one on each side,  
was permitted to see him.

**Public Debt Increases**

The American public debt al-  
ready has been increased over \$500,-  
000,000 this fiscal year and there is  
now seen the probability of a boost  
from July 1, 1931 to June 30, 1932,  
of more than a billion dollars.

The government has issued \$1,-  
885,744,000 in new securities this  
fiscal year, with heavy maturing  
scheduled for the remainder of the  
12 months. Next week \$100,000,000  
will be issued to meet a  
maturity of the same amount.

The country must realize it will  
be necessary to raise revenue all  
along the line in order to meet the  
present situation," he said.

**Confined In Stable.**  
According to Mr. J. H. McLeod  
who was confined there, and un-  
til he asked for it, was given nothing  
upon which to sit. When he re-  
quested something to rest upon, he  
said, an army cot was provided.

That same afternoon, the farmer  
said, he was, without being in-  
formed where he was to be taken,  
ordered out of his "cell" and with  
an armed guard in front, another  
in the rear and one on each side,  
was permitted to see him.

**Public Debt Increases**

The American public debt al-  
ready has been increased over \$500,-  
000,000 this fiscal year and there is  
now seen the probability of a boost  
from July 1, 1931 to June 30, 1932,  
of more than a billion dollars.

The government has issued \$1,-  
885,744,000 in new securities this  
fiscal year, with heavy maturing  
scheduled for the remainder of the  
12 months. Next week \$100,000,000  
will be issued to meet a  
maturity of the same amount.

The country must realize it will  
be necessary to raise revenue all  
along the line in order to meet the  
present situation," he said.

**Confined In Stable.**  
According to Mr. J. H. McLeod  
who was confined there, and un-  
til he asked for it, was given nothing  
upon which to sit. When he re-  
quested something to rest upon, he  
said, an army cot was provided.

That same afternoon, the farmer  
said, he was, without being in-  
formed where he was to be taken,  
ordered out of his "cell" and with  
an armed guard in front, another  
in the rear and one on each side,  
was permitted to see him.

**Public Debt Increases**

The American public debt al-  
ready has been increased over \$500,-  
000,000 this fiscal year and there is  
now seen the probability of a boost  
from July 1, 1931 to June 30, 1932,  
of more than a billion dollars.

The government has issued \$1,-  
885,744,000 in new securities this  
fiscal year, with heavy maturing  
scheduled for the remainder of the  
12 months. Next week \$100,000,000  
will be issued to meet a  
maturity of the same amount.

The country must realize it will  
be necessary to raise revenue all  
along the line in order to meet the  
present situation," he said.

**Confined In Stable.**  
According to Mr. J. H. McLeod  
who was confined there, and un-  
til he asked for it, was given nothing  
upon which to sit. When he re-  
quested something to rest upon, he  
said, an army cot was provided.

That same afternoon, the farmer  
said, he was, without being in-  
formed where he was to be taken,  
ordered out of his "cell" and with  
an armed guard in front, another  
in the rear and one on each side,  
was permitted to see him.

**Public Debt Increases**

The American public debt al-  
ready has been increased over \$500,-  
000,000 this fiscal year and there is  
now seen the probability of a boost  
from July 1, 1931 to June 30, 1932,  
of more than a billion dollars.

The government has issued \$1,-  
885,744,000 in new securities this  
fiscal year, with heavy maturing  
scheduled for the remainder of the  
12 months. Next week \$100,000,000  
will be issued to meet a  
maturity of the same amount.

The country must realize it will  
be necessary to raise revenue all  
along the line in order to meet the  
present situation," he said.

**Confined In Stable.**  
According to Mr. J. H. McLeod  
who was confined there, and un-  
til he asked for it, was given nothing  
upon which to sit. When he re-  
quested something to rest upon, he  
said, an army cot was provided.

That same afternoon, the farmer  
said, he was, without being in-  
formed where he was to be taken,  
ordered out of his "cell" and with  
an armed guard in front, another  
in the rear and one on each side,  
was permitted to see him.

**Public Debt Increases**

The American public debt al-  
ready has been increased over \$500,-<br





# As We See It

## The Facts Behind the T. B. War

Now that the farmers of Cedar county have had to bow to the armed forces of the state and submit their dairy cows to the T. B. test, hostile newspapers all over the state are misrepresenting facts in order to turn public opinion against them and complete their ruin.

In view of this situation it is very urgent in the interest of truth and justice that the people know the real facts behind Governor Turner's hasty resort to armed forces.

Here are the bedrock facts in this situation:

1—The T. B. cattle test consists in injecting a virus into ALL the cows of a dairyman's herd—the healthy ones as well as the sick ones.

2—If a cow "reacts" lumps appear on her tail and certain other symptoms appear and she is condemned as being affected with tuberculosis.

3—AN ENORMOUS GRAFT HAS DEVELOPED IN CONNECTION WITH THESE CONDEMNED ANIMALS. THEY ARE SOLD AT KNOCK-DOWN PRICES TO THE PACKING HOUSES AND THE PEOPLE ARE FED T. B. MEAT, INSTEAD OF T. B. MILK!

This may seem incredible. On the magazine page of today's Midwest Free Press and in the current issue of TNT Magazine the PROOFS will be given.

4—The cows that do not "react" suffer various ailments; their milk often becomes stringy and unfit to use; their milk

production generally falls off and often they become dry. They drop their calves prematurely and lose many of them. **THUS THE FARMERS LOSE MILLIONS OF DOLLARS IN HEALTHY COWS IN ORDER TO FIND A FEW THAT MIGHT BE DISEASED.** For proof see today's Free Press and the current TNT Magazine.

5—There is a way to test cows for tuberculosis that entails none of these grafts, losses and dangers to public health—the milk test. The milk of each cow is tested for tubercle germs separately. This test finds the diseased cows accurately and doesn't hurt the healthy cows and fully protects the public. Norman Baker was engaged in proving the efficiency of this test when Governor Turner got in a big hurry and hurled the armed troops against the farmers.

The only excuse ever offered by any of the state officials under Governor Turner for not using the milk test instead of the T. B. test was that the milk test is too expensive. Think of the nerve of this alibi in view of the tremendous losses from the T. B. test!

Every farmer in the state who has had any experience with the T. B. cattle test will testify that every one of the foregoing statements are ABSOLUTELY TRUE.

Last spring when farmers from many sections of the state marched into the state capitol building they laid these facts before the governor and legislature and were solemnly promised relief and then turned down and betrayed as soon as their backs were turned. What wonder they resorted to mass resistance against the T. B. test! In doing so they were defending their property and families and preserving the dairy herds of Iowa against a destructive and dangerous test and one of the most outrageous grafts that was ever perpetrated.

When the people know the whole truth there will be the biggest political clean-up Iowa has ever experienced.

## Let's Vote On the Liquor Question

The action of the American Legion at its annual convention in Detroit in voting for a national referendum on prohibition by the overwhelming vote of 1,008 to 394 again brings this issue forcibly before the country.

This action follows similar moves throughout the country by various organizations and associations demanding such a referendum. Prominent among the recent bodies that voted overwhelmingly in favor of a national referendum on prohibition was the American Bar association, composed of the bulk of the attorneys of the nation. Another powerful body that favors a national vote on prohibition is the American Federation of Labor. It is not at all unlikely at this time that the majority of the American people desire a referendum vote on this question.

Every true believer of democracy in America, whether he or she is a prohibitionist or not, should support such a referendum. It is the only way under the sun that this question can be settled satisfactorily and finally. The longer we go without an honest vote on this question the more the belief will spread that a minority is imposing its will on a majority. Under this condition resentment, lawlessness and violence will grow to dangerous proportions. Men will not respect a law unless they are convinced it is the will of the majority of the people. On the other hand, those who favor prohibition should be anxious to place the seal of majority approval behind their cause. If they are the majority and are so proved by a referendum their case will be impregnably strengthened. They cannot win without this seal of popular approval. The longer they try the more difficult their position will become until it will be insupportable and the condition of the whole country will be intolerable.

The Midwest Free Press is far more concerned in a prohibi-

tion referendum as the vindication and salvation of democracy in this country than in a wet or dry decision. Let come what may we will respect the majority and uphold its decision. The thing that matters most in a democracy is the vindication and preservation of the processes of democracy. We cannot help but think that the prohibition question has confronted this country with a real test of democracy. **IF WE DO NOT LET IT GO TO THE PEOPLE IN AN HONEST WAY AND BE SETTLED IN THE TRUE DEMOCRATIC WAY, IT WILL DESTROY OUR REPUBLIC.**

"Alfalfa Bill" Murray, governor of Oklahoma now threatens to sell prison-made bread at five cents a loaf, unless prices are brought down. Because he brought oil up to a dollar a barrel he sees no reason why he cannot bring bread down to five cents a loaf.

In curtailing oil production, however, he was dealing principally with capital. In reducing the price of bread he will strike at labor. Oklahoma bakers say they can't sell bread at five cents. So they may have to close shop and add to unemployment.

President Hoover is planning to take advantage of a wartime law before Congress meets and hand over the government owned Muscle Shoals power plant to a private corporation. He ought to make the deal perfect by throwing in the Statue of Liberty for good measure.

## Our Platform for the People Is:

1. Less taxation.
2. Fewer State Commissions.
3. Universal school books.
4. Lower freight rates.
5. Return of river transportation.
6. A cleanup of some state institutions.
7. More efficiency in public offices.

## The Evening Story

BANTAM

By Paul L. Ambelang

There are Irish and Irish, as no one is less likely to deny than the Irish themselves. Now, the Rourke family was Irish—and could it be anything else with a name like that and hair so red that any man of the clan, viewed to the east, was likely to look like a sunset?

Further, there were three of the Rourke boys and never a finer pair of men could be seen than the two eldest of them. Big men, they were, with freckled faces to match their faces, and tempers so mild 'tis a wonder that any fight came to them—what with their size and all.

But Danny, the youngest, was his father's pet pleasure and sorrow in secret, for he was the runt of the family. To be sure, in all his small size, there was a man about him, equal for williness in fights, but equal it takes more than a liking to make a winning—as Danny found to his cost.

To explain, he took after his mother, who was small. By that token he was the more his father's pride, since she had passed and been taken into the old sod the many a year.

Now the two big brothers stood watch and watch over Danny in his boyhood and one who looked for trouble in Danny could find as much as he wanted in the boy, and much more than that in the older brother.

Nonetheless, it was a sorry thing in Danny's heart, being an independent lad with yearnings to stand on his own two feet until knocked off them, though, like his brothers, he was a peaceful lad.

With the colseens Danny was present, but much too silent. It was a sad matter for him, and he did not even dare to look up to whom he must look upward or stand on his toes to peer over their shoulders to see which way he was steering through the dance.

After a few dances the black sorrow would come over Danny and he would find a corner by himself and have a gloomy time for a while being sad, after which his Irish joy in living would re-ack again and Danny finding himself in a room away from the main hall.

"Tis little enough fun there is," he mused aloud, "to be dancing with that six-foot Nora, for I can't be seeing over her shoulder to keep from bumping into people, and I'm hanged if I'm the man to let the woman do the leading."

So saying he sat him down and took his weight from his feet that were weary with the evening.

No more than a minute or two had passed when into the room a girl came hurrying. The lights were not bright, but even so, Danny, though he was small and good looking, though certain it is any small girl would be good looking to Danny Rourke.

She did not see Danny, who, as he was, intimated a trifle, did not take up much space.

Shortly thereafter, as if it had all been arranged, a man who only outweighed, by the look of him, Danny by a mere score of pounds came rushing in.

"Marry," said he, "be not sulking. I am here."

"Go away," said she, and meant it.

"It's time for the next dance," he said.

"Sure, and what of it?" Danny asked, to make conversation, as

## Just Kiddies

By T. W. Burgess

### PETER LEARNS HOW SOOTY BUILDS HIS NEST

It's queer what interesting things are happening every day beneath our very noses.

While we blindly go our way,

And all because we haven't learned to look. We think we see, but we don't. We only see the things that we have been trained to see, and not always those. Most of you have seen Sooty the Chimney Swift flying about, but how many of you have seen him gathering material for his nest? You have seen other birds picking up straw or feathers or mud or other things with which to build their homes, but have you ever seen Sooty picking up such things? I know you haven't. How do I know? Because Sooty doesn't pick them up because he can't. You remember he told Peter Rabbit that he is always in the chimney where he makes his home. And yet he has to make his nest of something. How does he get it? Listen to what he told Peter.

"What do you build your nest down inside that chimney?" asked Peter, as usual all curiously.

"Sticks," replied Sooty, as he darted above Peter.

"What?" exclaimed Peter, as if he couldn't quite believe that.

"Sticks!"

"Yes, sticks," retorted Sooty. "What is there queer about that? Other birds use sticks, so why shouldn't I?"

"There is no reason why you shouldn't know of," replied Peter.

"To the right," retorted Sooty.

"Do you know in what way?" asked Peter in a wondering tone.

"Of course. Where else should I mean?" retorted Sooty. "Watch me!"

He darted straight toward a little tree growing in the dear Old Birch Patch, and without stopping just brushed the tip of a branch. Then he turned and darted back over Peter, and as he passed he dropped something. It fell at Peter's feet. Peter stopped to look at it. It was a tiny dead twig. Wonderfully Peter darted at the little tree, and for the first time noticed that there was some dead twigs near its top. Sooty had simply snapped one off as he flew. He passed over Peter once more and chuckled.

"Do you see now how I gather sticks?" he inquired.

Peter nodded. "I know how you do it, and I guess that is what you mean," he said. "I can't say that I saw you do it because you did it so quickly that I didn't see it done at all. Do you always gather sticks at your feet?"

"I stick them together and stick the nest right to the side of the chimney down inside," replied Sooty in the most matter-of-fact way.

Peter's ears stood right straight up with astonishment. "Stick the sticks together and stick the nest to the side of the chimney!" he exclaimed.

"What under the sun do you stick them with?"

"Oh I have some sticky stuff in my mouth just for that purpose. I only have it when I am building a nest," replied Sooty in the most matter-of-fact.

"When it dries it is merely a crutch and does not grow," he may help the diabetic patient out of an emergency but it is not lasting and unless the patient does something himself the sugar metabolism is bound to break down completely sooner or later. There are many who find that they can inject insulin and eat anything they want to. They take advantage of a good thing and spoil its effects and make a bad condition worse after a time.

The advanced cases should be kept away from business and social worries and must cultivate a cheerful outlook upon life since worry, fretting, and all other nervous fits

## People's Pulpit

### Give It a Thought

By Joseph A. Sadony

Why harbor thoughts that are apt to hurt tomorrow for yesterday's mistakes?

Forget; and remember only today's need.

Tomorrow's crop, to become your daily bread of harmony.

The future is for you to will and shape.

The present is concrete, Past, it is gone forever.

When you anticipate, you are shaping the future.

When it arrives, you are active in tasting.

When it is past, its reminiscences live in memory.

Do you paint your picture of life with regret and failure?

You did this with the best brush.

Or change the color before it hardens.

And see how easy it is to find a better brush.

And more permanent, slow-drying oil.

So you may correct mistakes.

Or change the color before it hardens.

As did the last picture over night, because you thought you might lose the scenery.

How often do you envy someone dressed better than you, with your simple but wholesome environments?

Permit if you could read the heart of this review one.

You might see greater sorrow in an empty surroundings than you could believe.

There is more joy and happiness (if you but realized it).

In a healthy body, with imagination and a good circulation.

Than in fine silks and diamonds, with a body tired and bored.

riation have a marked effect upon producing the underlying causes of diabetes.

Insulin may be useful in emergencies. Sunshine and fresh air are two of Nature's ways of eliminating excess sugar in the blood.

How about the crook, jug, second-hand bottle and strainer salesman?

How about all the extra clerks that have been put on since 1919 to meet the demand for yeast, funnels, cheese-cloth and first aids to fermentation?

The conversation of some people is unimportant that when they stop talking you fail to notice it.

"And another thing—has anybody stopped to think that while the opening of breweries might give employment to millions, it would also mean millions of cases of diabetes, especially night employment?"

"Rye Dance To Honor Two Debutantes"—Headline. Who says prohibition isn't ruining the younger set?

(Copyright 1931, By Associated Newspapers)

## THE ONCE OVER

By H. L. PHILLIPS

### ELMER TWITCHELL ON BEOPENING THE BREWERIES

Elmer Twitchell is all "set" up over the campaign to legalize the opening of breweries as an aid to economic recovery in the almost United States. "If Congress does anything about opening the breweries, I want to know what it's going to do about compensating the public for all the money it has put into home brew apparatus and gadgets during the last ten years," declared Elmer today.

"If you throw open the big breweries today there men would come swarming out of cellars from coast to coast, increasing by many millions the best Federal estimates of unemployed. It would just about flabbergast the nation."

"Why home brewing is keeping a lot of fellers from even realizing a job, they're out of work," concluded Elmer.

ONE WAY OF LIFTING THE DEPRESSION

What business needs more than anything else are some salesmen and saleswomen who don't seem quite so bored when customers want a little attention.

The reviewers all agree that George White's new "Scandals" is a good clean show. Mr. White is reported in conference with his lawyers to see what he can do about this ruinous comment.

Have you noticed how Burgess has slowed up since Bernard Shaw gave it his approval?

"To Deport More Kurds"—headline. "Sending the Kurds on their way, suggests Al Adams.

Hi:

Speaking of appropriate names in the brokerage business there was once a broker named Cutting A. Mellon.

Rye Dance To Honor Two Debutantes.—Headline. Who says prohibition isn't ruining the younger set?

(Copyright 1931, By Associated Newspapers)

### Silly---BUT SO . . .



# FIVE-TIME WOMAN TITLE HOLDER VICTIM OF UPSET

## Mickey Cochrane Gives Views On World Series

Philadelphia Star to Take Fans on Trip Through Dugouts

### YANKEES DEFEAT SENATORS TWICE TO TAKE SECOND

#### Double Win Clinches Runner-Up Honors For New York

By MICKEY COCHRANE (Catcher, Philadelphia Athletics) (Copyright, 1931, by INS)

PHILADELPHIA.—In my preview of the approaching world series between the St. Louis Cardinals and Philadelphia Athletics, I'm not going to delve into a dugout full of statistics to prove that Al Simmons is a better batter than Chick Hafey or that Jimmy Fox is more valuable offensively than Sunny Jim Bottomley.

Statistics of players' offensive and defensive ability are valuable in judging or doping a team's chances over the course of an entire season. Then the player and team will run into the law of averages and the cold statistics will be a true judge of ability. But in a short series, like the annual inter-league championship each fall, anything is likely to happen.

The Athletics realize this. Who could have forecast Rogers Hornsby's poor hitting in the 1929 world series between the Chicago Cubs and the A's?

Or the total collapse of the Cub's array of strong pinch hitters? And who would have been so bold as to have predicted that Jim Bottomley would make only one hit in six of the 1930 games between the Cards and Micks?

Charley Gelbert is another who last year demonstrated that it's unwise to try and predict what such a player will do at bat or in the field. Like all other members of Gabby Hartnett's Cards, Gelbert was sent out by the Athletics before the 1930 series began. We had him down for a right field hitter. In our big meeting the morning of the first game we planned our playing for Gelbert accordingly. We didn't deviate from the charted course. Unfortunately for our pitchers, Gelbert was "hot." He hit safely when he was supposed to be hit weakly. We just couldn't get him out. Jim Bottomley, a great hitter—as he has proved the past six weeks—couldn't get going. He was caught in the midst of a slump and remained there the entire series.

Why, you may ask, bother then to go to the trouble and expense of outfitting a world series opponent? Let me tell you. We did it to learn what we can do against fast curve ball pitching, and to play the old percentage game. If every player did what he was expected to do in a short series then the scouting would be 100 per cent efficient. It won't be this time. It never has. But you must be on the safe side in case this is that world series that proves this baseball rule.

We've signed the Cardinals the past month. We had to in order to get a line on new men like Pepper Martin, Jim Collins and Paul Derringer, our scouts may have noticed a weakness in the batting style of Martin and Collins. And Derringer may tip-off when he's to use his change of pace, which in ball players' parlance is to pull the strings on the detector.

Last year the Cardinals didn't bother to scout the Athletics. They claim there was no time to; the hectic National League race taking all their attention until the final week of the regular season. This fall they've scouted us. They think they'll be stronger because of the knowledge we've given them. Maybe this will. It's this uncertainty in the test of skill and cunning that makes the world series the international spectacle it is.

In my next article I'm going to take the fan down into the A's dugout and into the locker room to show just how valuable Connie Mack is to his men—or as he calls us—his boys.

#### STANDINGS

NATIONAL LEAGUE			
W	L	Pct.	
St. Louis	92	52	.591
New York	87	57	.581
Chicago	82	62	.539
Brooklyn	78	73	.516
Pittsburgh	75	77	.499
Philadelphia	65	87	.428
Boston	63	91	.414
Cincinnati	58	94	.382

AMERICAN LEAGUE			
W	L	Pct.	
Philadelphia	107	71	.599
New York	93	63	.612
Washington	92	61	.601
Cleveland	77	76	.593
Boston	61	90	.494
Detroit	61	91	.481
Chicago	61	92	.399
St. Louis	56	95	.371

#### SATURDAY'S RESULTS

American League  
Boston at Philadelphia, 10-2. Games postponed rain.

Cleveland, 7-8; Detroit, 3.

New York, 7-8; Washington, 2-3.

Chicago, 5-3; St. Louis, 4-13.

National League  
New York at Brooklyn, both games postponed rain.

St. Louis, 7; Cincinnati, 4.

Pittsburgh at Chicago postponed rain.

**GAMES TODAY**  
National League

Pittsburgh at Chicago (2).

St. Louis at Cincinnati.

Philadelphia at Boston.

New York at Brooklyn (2).

American League

Chicago, at St. Louis (2).

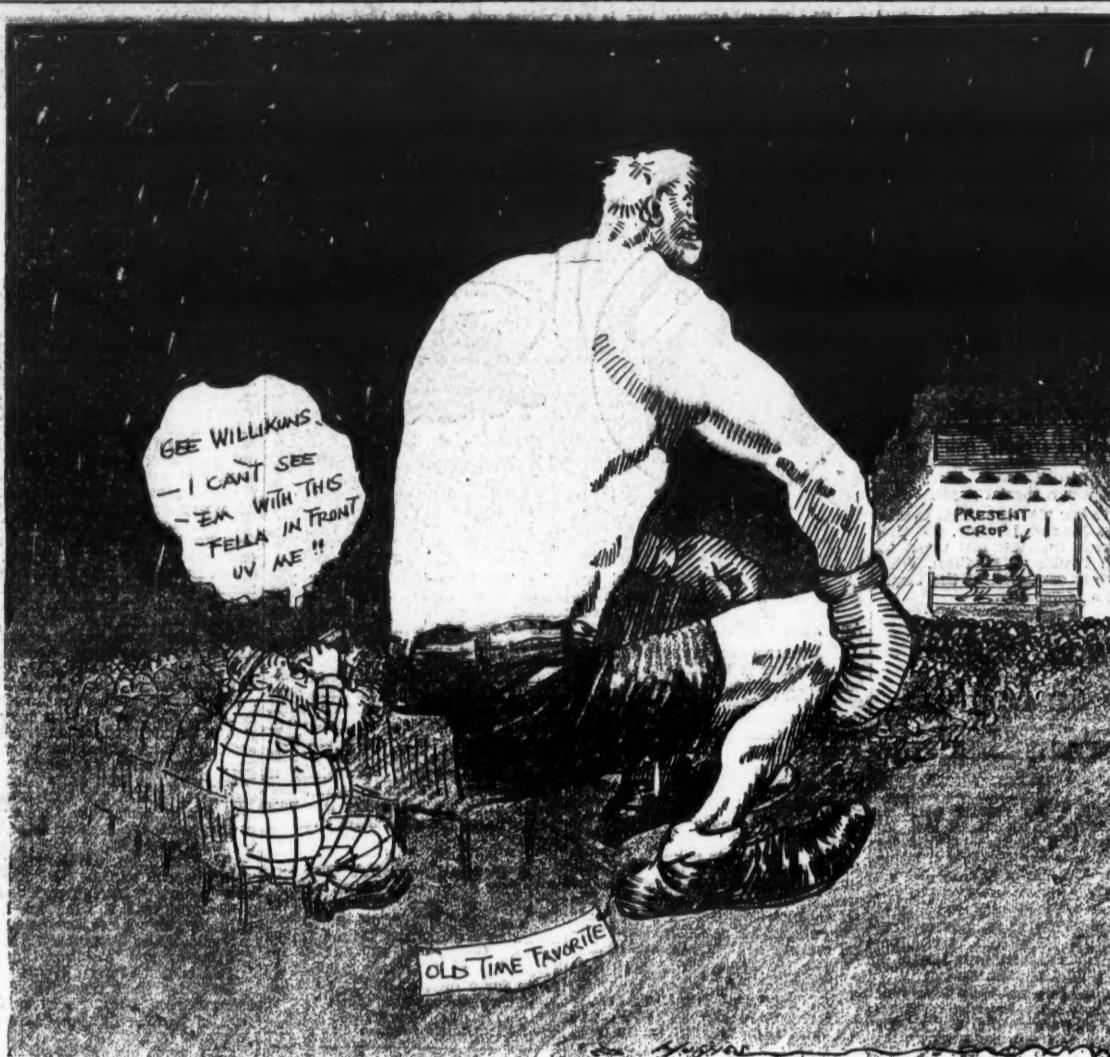
Philadelphia at New York.

Detroit at Cleveland.

Boston at Washington.

Football overemphasis has backed up to the point where the game has been given back to the faculty of several institutions. But it will be a long time before it finally gets back to the students.

## Perspective



## MACKS SURE OF WINNING THIRD SERIES BATTLE

### Hoover's Promise to Attend Gives Them Old Confidence

By E. L. RAWLEY  
(INS Sports Writer)

PHILADELPHIA.—Happy days are here again for the superstitious members of the world champion Athletics.

At least one game of the impending world series is as good as won, these jinx chasers players believe. For President Hoover is coming again to Philadelphia to attend the third game of the National classic. With the president here for the first local contest, the Athletics feel sure that game is as good as won now. They point out that whenever Hoover watched them play in the past they have always won.

**Statistics Prove Case**

Statistics bear them out in the contest. For, in last season's world series games, Lefty Grove, the fire-balling Maryland mountaineer of the A's staff, bested Burleigh Grimes, cocky St. Louis Cardinals' hurler 5-2 in the opening game.

Well, there is an obstruction there, which interferes with my proper breathing. I think this is giving me a mild form of sinus trouble. Sometimes I have a blurr before my eyes, which interferes with proper vision and proper sight.

**Babe Hits Nose**

The Babe revealed for the first time that he had been hit on the nose by a ball during the Spring training classes at Macon chipping a bone and leaving an obstruction in the breathing apparatus in the nose.

Proper breathing became so difficult that President Hoover sent his prize slugger to Dr. Deely, the sinus specialist who was murdered several months ago. Dr. Deely, who had performed the operation on Del Bissone, advised an operation for the removal of Herman's bone. But nothing was done on the doctor's suggestion.

**Most Wretched Figure**

On Brooklyn's first Western trip the Babe suffered with a slight cold and with the nasal trouble he was a most wretched figure. His hitting slumped off to a marked degree.

Recently, he has complained of some nasal difficulties and trouble with his vision.

"It is nothing very serious," the Babe said, "and I don't think any operation will be necessary. If an operation is needed, it will not be performed until after the end of the season."

The comeback campaigns of the champs is believng the employment situation—Jobs for a half dozen huskies every night.

**Vines and Perry to Battle Today for Coast Net Honors**

LOS ANGELES, Cal.—(INS)

Ellsworth Vines, national tennis champion, and Fred Perry, English net star, will meet here today in the finals of the Pacific southwest tennis championships.

Vines defeated Van Ryn, Los Angeles, in a five-set match Saturday. The score was 6-0, 4-6, 5-4.

Perry eliminated George Lott, Philadelphia, 6-0, 0-6, 6-4, 6-4.

The comeback campaigns of the champs is believng the employment situation—Jobs for a half dozen huskies every night.

**Big Muskies Will Hold Workout at Weed Park Today**

APPROXIMATELY 25 aspirants for

positions on the Big Musky football team will put in an appearance at the diamond at Weed park this morning for the initial practice of the season. Maxnard Fluke will coach the candidates.

Several letters have been written

teams in this vicinity and they

have been answered.

club officials

and friends

have been invited.

Only light

drills will take up the practice ses-

sions this morning with heavier

drills put on the schedule for next week.

Boxing, wrestling, basketball,

football, baseball and even track

are popular intramural sports in

the reformatory. Well, something

had to be done to popularize these

places and take target practice of

the tenement streets.



## GENE NOW HAS RING REGALIA FOR COMEBACK

### Sign Posts Awry If He Doesn't Fight Within Year

By FRANKLIN GRANT  
(INS Sports Writer)

NEW YORK.—(INS) — If Gene Tunney doesn't climb through the ropes within the next year and take on all and sundry who make pretense to his abdicated throne then all the sign posts are awry.

ODDS, bodkins, if the man hasn't become a "fan" once again and topped that by buying himself full ring regalia the other afternoon. That means—what?

BACK in 1928 Tunney kicked his crown into the debris department and announced that he was through with fistfighting and its

sign posts were awry.

**Lured Back Again**

For a long time Tunney held rigidly to his resolve. And then, sir, the irresistible lure of the game brought him back one night as an spectator. He took his seat in his presence there—but failed. So he cast aside his false mustache and trick sleeves and went boldly to the wars with so much regality that no heavyweight bout was complete without him.

IN CLEVELAND he yielded to demand and climbed into the ring for an introduction prior to the Schmeling-Stirling fight—something he had balked at since 1928.

The next surprise was when he agreed to referee at various charity shows.

THEY were followed by his appearance at the Canzonieri-Berg brawl in New York on September 10th, the first show of little merit that he has viewed since 1927 or 1928.

**Obviously Tight Hungry**

Obviously, Tunney has become tight hungry and now is feasting whenever the opportunity offers.

THE CLIMAX arrived with the champion's admission that he has purchased a set of gloves and a complete gymnasium outfit.

"WHAT'S he come back for?" he asked.

"WHY—ah—I'm getting this just to provide myself with a little exercise now and then," he replied. "A man must keep fit."

AH, yes. But Tunney didn't order mitts and et cetera until AFTER he had seen Schmeling and Stirling; Sharkey and Walker and those others in their displays of "What is it?"

GRADUALLY sloping banks at the

improved Long Beach marine

stadium and grandstands, will seat

100,000 persons, the committee re-

ports.

**Center of Activity**

THE OLYMPIC stadium will be the center of athletic activity. In

it will be conducted, in addition

to the impressive opening and

closing ceremonies, the track and

field athletics, gymnastics, field

hockey—semi-finals and finals,

equestrian jumping events and

the demonstration of national and

international sports.

FOOTBALL will be selected

as the American demonstration game

and Micros was named as the

international



# News and Views From Surrounding Communities

## INSTITUTE TO BE HELD OCT. 8 AT SWEETLAND

All Entries Must Be In By 12 p. m., Cash Awards

**MORNING SUN**  
MORNING SUN, Ia.—(Special)—Friends here were shocked to hear of the death of Rev. James H. McHaffy, aged 59 years, at his home in West Liberty, Sunday at 4:30 p.m., following a sudden heart attack. Rev. McHaffy was born in New York state, May 7, 1872 and was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph McHaffy former residents of this place. He grew to young manhood here and was graduated from the local high school in the class of 1891. He attended Monmouth college and was later graduated from the University of Iowa, at Iowa City. Mr. McHaffy was ordained a minister of the gospel and was pastor of the First Presbyterian church of West Liberty. Rev. McHaffy is survived by his wife (formerly Miss Anna Kinkaid, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Kinkaid, former residents of Morning Sun) two children, Leslie of Iowa City, and Arthur of Brooklyn, N. Y., two brothers, J. Arthur McHaffy of Pontiac, Mich., Rev. John McHaffy of Sweetland, Kan., and one sister, Miss Susie McHaffy, of Burlington. Funeral services were held Tuesday at 2:30, in the First Presbyterian church at West Liberty, of which he was pastor. Burial was in Oak Ridge cemetery.

**HORSES**—Vernon Shepard, Superintendent. First and second prizes will be given for the best draft team; best draft horse; best colt, under 3 years; best colt, under 2 years; best colt, under 1 year; and best mule team.

**BEEF CATTLE**—Elmer Kerr, Superintendent. First, second, and third prizes will be given for best cow; best heifer, under 2 years; bull, under 2 years; and bull, under 2 years.

**HOGS**—Henry Swasyansk and Earl Van Camp, Superintendents. First, second, and third prizes in the following classes will be given cash awards, while those winning fourth place will be awarded ribbons. Best boar farrowed since March 1, 1931. Best gilt farrowed since March 1, 1931. The above award will be given on the following breed classes: Poland China, Spotted Poland China, Duroc Jersey, Chester White, and Hampshire. Grand Champion Boar, Grand Champion Sow.

**SHEEP**—Edward Doerfer, Superintendent. First, second, and third prizes will be offered in the following classes: Buck, over 1 year; ewe, over 1 year; buck, under 1 year; ewe, under 1 year; pen of three fat lambs.

**POULTRY**—E. H. Pace, Superintendent. Ribbons will be awarded in the following classes: Best cock; best cockerel; best hen; best pullet; best breeding pen (4 female, 1 male). Sweepstakes will be offered on the best female, male, and pen. A cash award will be given for the best display of one breed by one person. Any additional award may be offered for display: White Rocks, Buff Rocks, Barred Rocks, Buff Orpingtons, White Orpingtons, White Wyandottes, Buff Wyandottes, Silver Laced Wyandottes; Partridge Wyandottes, White Leghorns, Buff Leghorns, Brown Leghorns, Rhode Island Whites, and Rhode Island Reds. Coops will be furnished for exhibition purposes.

Boys and girls judging contests on the livestock exhibits will be held in connection with the regular judging. Thursday afternoon.

On Thursday afternoon and Friday morning, horseshoe pitching contests will be held, with Glen Nyenhuis in charge. All contestants must furnish their own shoes.

The first day of dinner will be furnished by the Ladies' Aid, for which a small charge will be made. On Friday, a basket dinner will be served. All school children are requested to bring either individual lunches or a community basket Friday.

October 9—Second Day

The morning of the second day will be given over to judging of the following displays:

**GRAIN DEPARTMENT**—John Gray, Superintendent. Corn; Sweepstakes, single ears. Sweepstakes, 80 ears. Best 10 ears, yellow; best 10 ears, other than yellow; best 30 ears, yellow; best 30 ears, other than yellow.

Best hill of corn roots must be attached: 2 stalks in a hill; 3 stalks in a hill; and 4 stalks or more in a hill.

Small grain: Best quart timothy seed; best quart clover seed; best peck early or late oats; best peck spring wheat; best peck rye.

**VEGETABLES AND FRUIT DEPARTMENT**—Howard Toyne, Superintendent. Best display vegetables; best peck early or late potatoes; best peck late potatoes; best squash; largest pumpkin; best dry peck fruit; best peck of 5 Jonathan apples; best plate of 5 Delicious apples; best plate of 5 Grimes Golden apples; best plate of 5 Snow apples; best plate of 5 apples other than those mentioned; best plate of 5 pears. All entries must be grown by exhibitor.

**CULINARY DEPARTMENT**—Mrs. Pearl Pace and Mrs. Tillie Derby, Superintendents. Best loaf dark bread; best loaf of white bread; best coffee cake; best sugar cookies; best dark cookies; best chocolate cake; best white cake; best angel food cake; exhibit canned fruit, 4 varieties; exhibit canned vegetables, 4 varieties; best exhibit jelly, 4 jars; display of canned meat; display of pickles; best pound butter (roll); best home-made soap. No double entries allowed. Must be by women over 16 years of age.

**JUNIOR DEPARTMENT**—(Girls or boys under 16 years of age) Mrs. Henry Bill, Superintendent. Best plate light cookies; best plate dark cookies; best angel food cake (no frosting); best white cake (any frosting); best chocolate cake; best 3 glasses jelly; best dresser scarf, embroidered; best plate candy; a piece of hardware on an article well made and worth while will receive a reward or ribbon.

**GIRLS CLUB WORK**—Mrs. Bernice LeFever and Mrs. Hazel Martin, Superintendents. Best display of girls club work (each club 6 garments).

**JUNIOR DEPARTMENT**—Vernon Shepard and A. C. Eckhardt, Superintendents. Best Farm display; best 10 ears yellow corn; best single ear yellow corn; 10 ears, other than yellow; single ear, other than yellow; best 10 ears sweet corn; best 10 ears pop corn; best

## SIGOURNEY DOG HERO WILL GET MEDAL REPORT

**Canine Saves Life of Keota Boy; Will Get Award**

**KOETA, Ia.—(Special)**—Through the efforts of the Keokuk County News and Congressman C. W. Ramseyer, "Beaver," the large shaggy English shepherd dog, belonging to Dan Kienleinschmidt, three miles east of Sigourney, who leaped upon the back of a bull and saved the life of 12 year old Richard Fossick, of Keota, who will be visiting this week at the home of Mrs. E. J. Lyle, insurance agent for the Iowa Mutual Co., was in Wayland neighborhood Thursday afternoon, after the bull had been killed.

On this date, "Beaver" and his pal, Dick Fossick, will be honored at a public program in the Keota high school auditorium, which will be sponsored by the Sigourney people, with the co-operation of Superintendent Frank Church, of the Keota school, when Congressman Ramseyer of Bloomfield will present the medal awarded by the American Humane Association, which has its headquarters in New York, New York.

Mrs. E. J. Lyle, continues quite poorly and has taken to her bed, and her relatives are much worried over her.

## GRANDVIEW

**GRANDVIEW, Ia.—(Special)**—Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Holliday and family spent Saturday in Muscatine and enjoyed a picnic at the park.

**MRS. MARY YOUNG** who has been sick for a long time is not much improved at this writing.

Nelson Granam accompanied by his mother and brothers and sister motored to the Earl Smith home Sunday afternoon to call on an old friend, Charles Brown, who makes his home with the Smiths.

Mr. and Mrs. William Walker, Mr. and Mrs. Tice, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Young and children enjoyed a fish fry along the Mississippi river Sunday.

Neal Buster, son of Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Buster who has been in poor health for some time was reported not so well and was taken back to Iowa City for further treatment at the University hospital.

And Mr. Ramseyer consented to come next Friday afternoon and present it to "Beaver" and Dick, so Superintendent Church and the Melville church, John F. Nolte, president, Grinnell college, Mr. Walter Hutton, director of fine arts in Christian living and director of conference singing, O. G. Herbrecht, state worker, Dr. F. C. Todd, pastor of the Baptist church of Davenport. The young people of the Tri-county conference of the Baptist boys and girls of Louis county will be held in Muscatine, Friday and Saturday, Nov. 27-28. The conference theme is Achieving Christian Leadership. Prominent Christian leaders will speak such as Roy Birt, International Council of Chicago, R. M. Shipman, District Superintendent of the Methodist church, John F. Nolte, president, Grinnell college, Mr. Walter Hutton, director of fine arts in Christian living and director of conference singing, O. G. Herbrecht, state worker, Dr. F. C. Todd, pastor of the Baptist church of Davenport. The young people of the Tri-county conference will have charge of all the devotional periods. Muscatine residents will be asked to entertain the delegates on their own. Contributions are being made for 600 delegates. The meeting will not be open to the public, but all those who entertain delegates will be guests of the conference. The address of the evening will be given by Dr. Shipman, on "The Hero of My Soul."

I. A. Vaughn of Cedar Rapids came Thursday to spend a few days with his daughter, Mrs. W. E. Finegan, a family friend, Mrs. James Bradley, who is employed on the John Todd farm southwest of town has been ill with bronchial pneumonia since Saturday. His condition is thought to be slightly improved.

The local high school football squad will go to Muscatine, Friday evening and will play the Muscatine high school football team, preceding the game of Mt. Pleasant and Muscatine's first team.

A revival meeting is in progress at the Christian church, will continue through next week. Rev. L. L. Chamness, the pastor will preach with something special each evening. A special feature. Friday evening was the singing by a blind negro quartet from Piney Woods, and on Sunday evening the Juniors from Packwood will sing, and also on the same evening the pastor will paint a picture in oil colors before the audiences.

A revival meeting is in progress at the Christian church, will continue through next week. Rev. L. L. Chamness, the pastor will preach with something special each evening. A special feature. Friday evening was the singing by a blind negro quartet from Piney Woods, and on Sunday evening the Juniors from Packwood will sing, and also on the same evening the pastor will paint a picture in oil colors before the audiences.

A revival meeting is in progress at the Christian church, will continue through next week. Rev. L. L. Chamness, the pastor will preach with something special each evening. A special feature. Friday evening was the singing by a blind negro quartet from Piney Woods, and on Sunday evening the Juniors from Packwood will sing, and also on the same evening the pastor will paint a picture in oil colors before the audiences.

A revival meeting is in progress at the Christian church, will continue through next week. Rev. L. L. Chamness, the pastor will preach with something special each evening. A special feature. Friday evening was the singing by a blind negro quartet from Piney Woods, and on Sunday evening the Juniors from Packwood will sing, and also on the same evening the pastor will paint a picture in oil colors before the audiences.

A revival meeting is in progress at the Christian church, will continue through next week. Rev. L. L. Chamness, the pastor will preach with something special each evening. A special feature. Friday evening was the singing by a blind negro quartet from Piney Woods, and on Sunday evening the Juniors from Packwood will sing, and also on the same evening the pastor will paint a picture in oil colors before the audiences.

A revival meeting is in progress at the Christian church, will continue through next week. Rev. L. L. Chamness, the pastor will preach with something special each evening. A special feature. Friday evening was the singing by a blind negro quartet from Piney Woods, and on Sunday evening the Juniors from Packwood will sing, and also on the same evening the pastor will paint a picture in oil colors before the audiences.

A revival meeting is in progress at the Christian church, will continue through next week. Rev. L. L. Chamness, the pastor will preach with something special each evening. A special feature. Friday evening was the singing by a blind negro quartet from Piney Woods, and on Sunday evening the Juniors from Packwood will sing, and also on the same evening the pastor will paint a picture in oil colors before the audiences.

A revival meeting is in progress at the Christian church, will continue through next week. Rev. L. L. Chamness, the pastor will preach with something special each evening. A special feature. Friday evening was the singing by a blind negro quartet from Piney Woods, and on Sunday evening the Juniors from Packwood will sing, and also on the same evening the pastor will paint a picture in oil colors before the audiences.

A revival meeting is in progress at the Christian church, will continue through next week. Rev. L. L. Chamness, the pastor will preach with something special each evening. A special feature. Friday evening was the singing by a blind negro quartet from Piney Woods, and on Sunday evening the Juniors from Packwood will sing, and also on the same evening the pastor will paint a picture in oil colors before the audiences.

A revival meeting is in progress at the Christian church, will continue through next week. Rev. L. L. Chamness, the pastor will preach with something special each evening. A special feature. Friday evening was the singing by a blind negro quartet from Piney Woods, and on Sunday evening the Juniors from Packwood will sing, and also on the same evening the pastor will paint a picture in oil colors before the audiences.

A revival meeting is in progress at the Christian church, will continue through next week. Rev. L. L. Chamness, the pastor will preach with something special each evening. A special feature. Friday evening was the singing by a blind negro quartet from Piney Woods, and on Sunday evening the Juniors from Packwood will sing, and also on the same evening the pastor will paint a picture in oil colors before the audiences.

A revival meeting is in progress at the Christian church, will continue through next week. Rev. L. L. Chamness, the pastor will preach with something special each evening. A special feature. Friday evening was the singing by a blind negro quartet from Piney Woods, and on Sunday evening the Juniors from Packwood will sing, and also on the same evening the pastor will paint a picture in oil colors before the audiences.

A revival meeting is in progress at the Christian church, will continue through next week. Rev. L. L. Chamness, the pastor will preach with something special each evening. A special feature. Friday evening was the singing by a blind negro quartet from Piney Woods, and on Sunday evening the Juniors from Packwood will sing, and also on the same evening the pastor will paint a picture in oil colors before the audiences.

A revival meeting is in progress at the Christian church, will continue through next week. Rev. L. L. Chamness, the pastor will preach with something special each evening. A special feature. Friday evening was the singing by a blind negro quartet from Piney Woods, and on Sunday evening the Juniors from Packwood will sing, and also on the same evening the pastor will paint a picture in oil colors before the audiences.

A revival meeting is in progress at the Christian church, will continue through next week. Rev. L. L. Chamness, the pastor will preach with something special each evening. A special feature. Friday evening was the singing by a blind negro quartet from Piney Woods, and on Sunday evening the Juniors from Packwood will sing, and also on the same evening the pastor will paint a picture in oil colors before the audiences.

A revival meeting is in progress at the Christian church, will continue through next week. Rev. L. L. Chamness, the pastor will preach with something special each evening. A special feature. Friday evening was the singing by a blind negro quartet from Piney Woods, and on Sunday evening the Juniors from Packwood will sing, and also on the same evening the pastor will paint a picture in oil colors before the audiences.

A revival meeting is in progress at the Christian church, will continue through next week. Rev. L. L. Chamness, the pastor will preach with something special each evening. A special feature. Friday evening was the singing by a blind negro quartet from Piney Woods, and on Sunday evening the Juniors from Packwood will sing, and also on the same evening the pastor will paint a picture in oil colors before the audiences.

A revival meeting is in progress at the Christian church, will continue through next week. Rev. L. L. Chamness, the pastor will preach with something special each evening. A special feature. Friday evening was the singing by a blind negro quartet from Piney Woods, and on Sunday evening the Juniors from Packwood will sing, and also on the same evening the pastor will paint a picture in oil colors before the audiences.

A revival meeting is in progress at the Christian church, will continue through next week. Rev. L. L. Chamness, the pastor will preach with something special each evening. A special feature. Friday evening was the singing by a blind negro quartet from Piney Woods, and on Sunday evening the Juniors from Packwood will sing, and also on the same evening the pastor will paint a picture in oil colors before the audiences.

A revival meeting is in progress at the Christian church, will continue through next week. Rev. L. L. Chamness, the pastor will preach with something special each evening. A special feature. Friday evening was the singing by a blind negro quartet from Piney Woods, and on Sunday evening the Juniors from Packwood will sing, and also on the same evening the pastor will paint a picture in oil colors before the audiences.

A revival meeting is in progress at the Christian church, will continue through next week. Rev. L. L. Chamness, the pastor will preach with something special each evening. A special feature. Friday evening was the singing by a blind negro quartet from Piney Woods, and on Sunday evening the Juniors from Packwood will sing, and also on the same evening the pastor will paint a picture in oil colors before the audiences.

A revival meeting is in progress at the Christian church, will continue through next week. Rev. L. L. Chamness, the pastor will preach with something special each evening. A special feature. Friday evening was the singing by a blind negro quartet from Piney Woods, and on Sunday evening the Juniors from Packwood will sing, and also on the same evening the pastor will paint a picture in oil colors before the audiences.

A revival meeting is in progress at the Christian church, will continue through next week. Rev. L. L. Chamness, the pastor will preach with something special each evening. A special feature. Friday evening was the singing by a blind negro quartet from Piney Woods, and on Sunday evening the Juniors from Packwood will sing, and also on the same evening the pastor will paint a picture in oil colors before the audiences.

A revival meeting is in progress at the Christian church, will continue through next week. Rev. L. L. Chamness, the pastor will preach with something special each evening. A special feature. Friday evening was the singing by a blind negro quartet from Piney Woods, and on Sunday evening the Juniors from Packwood will sing, and also on the same evening the pastor will paint a picture in oil colors before the audiences.

A revival meeting is in progress at the Christian church, will continue through next week. Rev. L. L. Chamness, the pastor will preach with something special each evening. A special feature. Friday evening was the singing by a blind negro quartet from Piney Woods, and on Sunday evening the Juniors from Packwood will sing, and also on the same evening the pastor will paint a picture in oil colors before the audiences.

A revival meeting is in progress at the Christian church, will continue through next week. Rev. L. L. Chamness, the pastor will preach with something special each evening. A special feature. Friday evening was the singing by a blind negro quartet from Piney Woods, and on Sunday evening the Juniors from Packwood will sing, and also on the same evening the pastor will paint a picture in oil colors before the audiences.

A revival meeting is in progress at the Christian church, will continue through next week. Rev. L. L. Chamness, the pastor will preach with something special each evening. A special feature. Friday evening was the singing by a blind negro quartet from Piney Woods, and on Sunday evening the Juniors from Packwood will sing, and also on the same evening the pastor will paint a picture in oil colors before the audiences.

A revival meeting is in progress at the Christian church, will continue through next week. Rev. L. L. Chamness, the pastor will preach with something special each evening. A special feature. Friday evening was the singing by a blind negro quartet from Piney Woods, and on Sunday evening the Juniors from Packwood will sing, and also on the same evening the pastor will paint a picture in oil colors before the audiences.

A revival meeting is in progress at the Christian church, will continue through next week. Rev. L. L. Chamness, the pastor will preach with something special each evening. A special feature. Friday evening was the singing by a blind negro quartet from Piney Woods, and on Sunday evening the Juniors from Packwood will sing, and also on the same evening the pastor will paint a picture in oil colors before the audiences.

A revival meeting is in progress at the Christian church, will continue through next week. Rev. L. L. Chamness, the pastor will preach with something special each evening. A special feature. Friday evening was the singing by a blind negro quartet from Piney Woods, and on Sunday evening the Juniors from Packwood will sing, and also on the same evening the pastor will paint a picture in oil colors before the audiences.

A revival meeting is in progress at the Christian church, will continue through next week. Rev. L. L. Chamness, the pastor will preach with something special each evening. A special feature. Friday evening was the singing by a blind negro quartet from Piney Woods, and on Sunday evening the Juniors from Packwood will sing, and also on the same evening the pastor will paint a picture in oil colors before the audiences.

A revival meeting is in progress at the Christian church, will continue through next week. Rev. L. L. Chamness, the pastor will preach with something special each evening. A special feature. Friday evening was the singing by a blind negro quartet from Piney Woods, and on Sunday evening the Juniors from Packwood will sing, and also on the same evening the pastor will paint a picture in oil colors before the audiences.

A revival meeting is in progress at the Christian church, will continue through next week. Rev. L. L. Chamness, the pastor will preach with something special each evening. A special feature. Friday evening was the singing by a blind negro quartet from Piney Woods, and on Sunday evening the Juniors from Packwood will sing, and also on the same evening the pastor will paint a picture in oil colors before the audiences.

A revival meeting is in progress at the Christian church, will continue through next week. Rev. L. L

ITALY'S MOST FAMOUS WOMAN DENTIST  
EXTRACTS TEETH OF EX-KAISER



AUSTRIAN PRINCE, FASCIST LEADER, IS  
JAILED AFTER REVOLT FAILS

She Yanked Ex-Kaiser's Molars



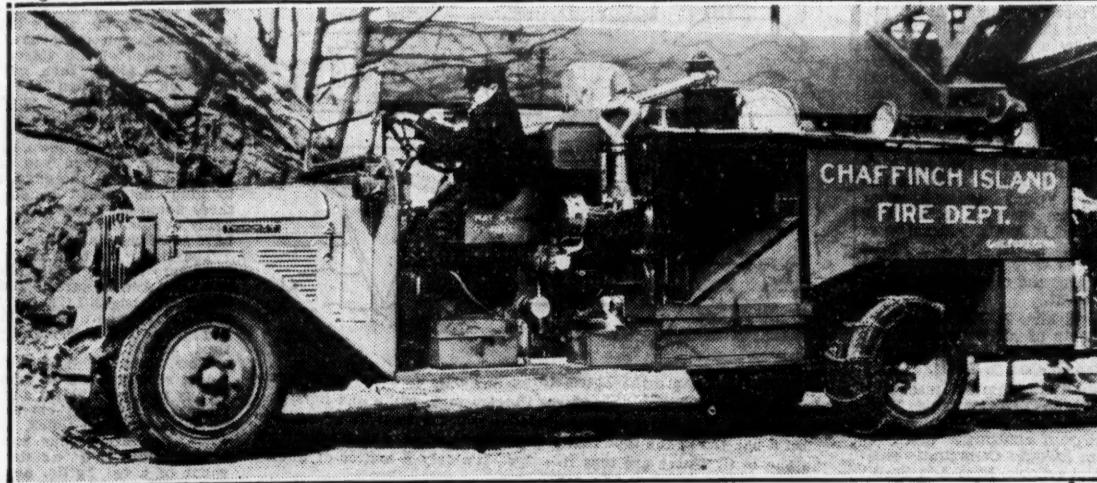
Dentist to two kings, three queens and 18 princes is the distinction which belongs to charming Signorina Emilia Quaranta, above, Italy's most famous woman dentist. Recently she visited Doorn, Holland, where she extracted three of the molars of the ex-Kaiser of Germany.

Bluebeard's Father Gets the News



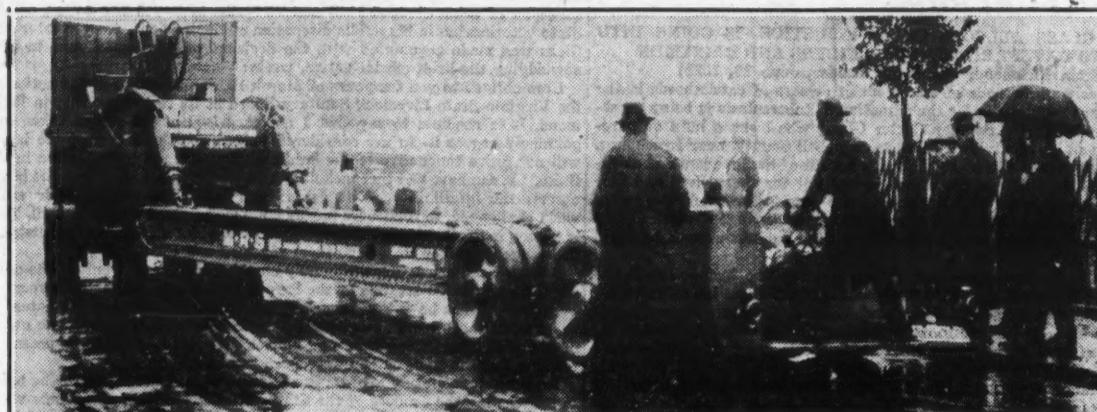
"He was a very bad boy." That's what Wilko Drenth, farmer of Fairbanks, Ia., said of Harry Powers, Clarksburg, W. Va., slayer, whom he recognized from newspaper photos as his son, Harm Drenth. Immigration officials have checked the identity. Drenth, left, is shown here viewing his son's photo while E. Schroeder, his son-in-law, looks on.

Equips Hose Wagon at Own Cost to Fight Fires



Few men are more public-spirited than Francis E. Ingals, of Guilford, Conn. At his own expense he has equipped this fire truck, which he operates voluntarily at all alarms. Ingals is shown here at the wheel of the wagon.

World's Biggest Road Vehicle Can Carry 100 Tons

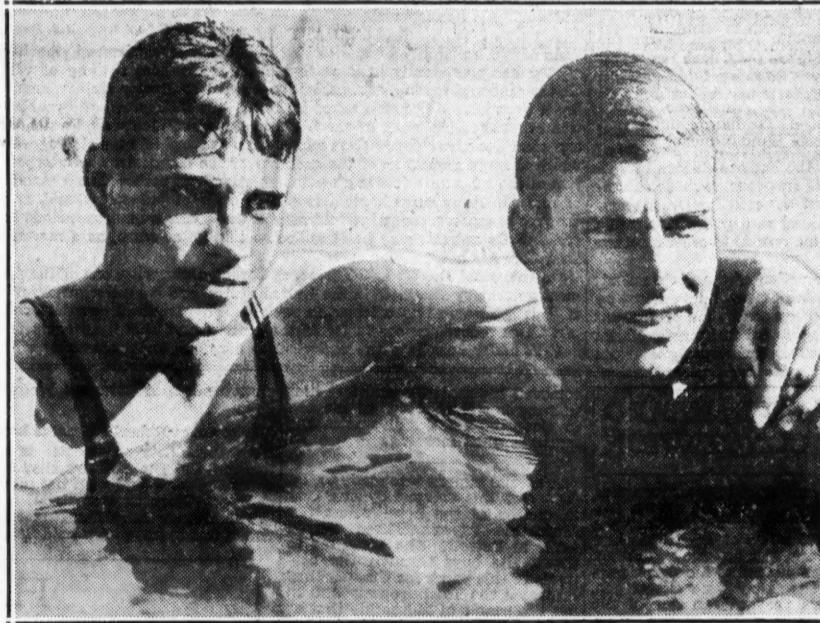


Not a Bad Idea, This Library Roof Garden



You can't blame folks in Philadelphia for being studious in the summer time with a roof garden like this atop their public library. Beneath these wide awnings patrons are permitted to read to their heart's content. Notice the Philadelphia skyline in the background.

One Won, One Lost, But They're Pals



There's no hard feelings even if Buster Crabbe, right, noted merman, lost the 200-meter breast stroke race to John Paulsen, left, at the far western swimming championships recently held at the Fleishhacker pool in San Francisco.

This elongated transporter, capable of carrying 100 tons in bulk loads, is so big that the fellow shown above at the rear steering wheel has to use a telephone to communicate with the driver in front. The contraption has 14 wheels, so constructed that they cannot get stuck in the mud.

Legion Head Set For Convention



Set for the national convention of the American Legion at Detroit is Ralph T. O'Neill, national commander. He recently attended the legion unemployment conference at Washington, D. C.

Austrian Prince Jailed as Rebel



One of the wealthiest property-owners in his country, Prince Ernst von Stahremberg is under arrest in Austria for having participated in the short-lived Fascist revolution there. The prince, who a year ago was Austrian minister of the interior, is shown above making one of his Fascist speeches.

They're in the Best of Circles



A hoop of prize dahlias around their shoulders explains why these charming California misses are showing their pearly white teeth. They are, left to right, Roberta Gale, Lita Chevret and Rochelle Hudson, all of the movies.

Swapping Ideas at Meeting of Big Ten Coaches



"This is the way my boys do it," says Harry Kipke, left, Michigan coach, to Noble Kizer, right, Purdue mentor, at the annual meeting of Big Ten football coaches at Chicago. Looking on with interest are, seated (from left to right), Sam Williamson, Ohio State; Dick Hanley, Northwestern; Bob Zuppke, Illinois, and Alonzo Stagg, Chicago. Standing (left to right) are Bert Ingwersen, Iowa; E. C. Hayes, Indiana, and H. O. Crisler, Minnesota.

(Copyright, 1931, by Acme Newspictures, Inc.)

# "THE TALE OF TWO HEIFERS"

## READ EXPERIENCES OF SEN. GLASS ON T. B. TEST

United States Senator Carter Glass of Virginia, nationally known as one of our fighting senators, succeeded in eliminating the injustices of the State Department of Agriculture in Virginia.

As his case was parallel to the trouble in Cedar county now in which the farmers have been resisting the enforcement of Iowa's compulsory bovine T. B. test law the experiences of Senator Glass with documentary evidence will be published word for word in serial form in the Midwest Free Press for the benefit of Iowa and Illinois folks who wish to learn the truth about the Cedar county affair.

Don't miss this exposé. Start reading this enlightening and revealing document in today's edition of the Midwest Free Press. It is a United States Senate document entitled "THE TALE OF TWO HEIFERS."

The document contains the actual experiences of Senator Glass in his successful fight for justice and when read the fallacy of Governor Dan Turner's ruthless spending of Iowa taxpayers' money and calling out of troops to Cedar county will be proven.

### A TALE OF TWO HEIFERS with its STARTLING SEQUEL PART I AN AMAZING EPISODE

This is "A tale of two heifers." It is a story that concerns every breeder of cattle and every dairymen in Virginia and, it may be, elsewhere. It affects their property rights and the successful conduct of their business. It reveals a grave menace to both; at the same time it discloses a degree and a type of official insolence which one ordinarily associates with a semibarbarous country and not with an American State where orderly processes obtain.

The two heifers are thoroughbreds. Each is a picture of health and grace and productive capacity. Both were sired by bulls of noted breeding. Their dams are cows of great dairy farm and usefulness. One of them, for milk and butter production, has just been awarded a silver medal by a national association of the breed.

Without notice to the owner; without opportunity to him or his own veterinarian to be present, a strange inspector was sent into his herd by the State veterinarian and, after applying a doubtful test in an unsanitary way, he ordered them slaughtered. When the owner respectfully asked, at his own expense, to have the questionable work put to proof by skilled veterinarians of high professional reputation, the request was curiously refused by the State board, which virtually applauded the gross misconduct of its agent in his efforts further to injure a herd of thoroughbred cattle having a history as clean as any in the country.

There is indisputable proof, to be presented in court, that this official treats one breeder one way and another in quite a different way, as his whim or dislike or momentary sense of importance may prompt; that he retests for some and not for others; that there are breeders and veterinarians who transact their business in dread of his utterly arbitrary methods.

This is a tale of two heifers at Montview Farms. Next there may be a story of two heifers at some other farm, and it was the case at the Presbyterian Orphanage, near Lynchburg, and at Brookwood, in Augusta, and at heaven knows how many other places in Virginia, where unkinded animals have been senselessly slaughtered and property rights invaded. The very breeder who reads this may be the next victim of a strutting strappado and an abetting board, under a system that cuts off the stockmen and the dairymen from all redress against either inefficiency or malice.

Let Virginia cattle breeders and dairymen read carefully the facts presented by a Richmond newspaper and reproduced in these printed pages. Then let them consider the peril to their pursuit and to their herds of such an unparalleled usurpation of authority. Let them consider whether they may find it profitable or desirable to continue relations with a State agency

which assumes an attitude of infallibility and prefers to destroy valuable animals rather than permit a review of its work by persons of high professional skill.

CARTER GLASS.  
Montview Farms,  
Lynchburg, Va.—August 1, 1922.

### SENATOR GLASS ALLEGES GROSS INJUSTICE IS GOING INTO COURTS TO TEST RIGHTS OF BREEDERS AND DAIRYMEN

(From Richmond, Va., News Leader, June 26, 1922)

A case involving methods of treatment of owners of cattle herds in the enforcement of regulations for the elimination of tuberculosis is being prosecuted by United States Senator Carter Glass, who owns a herd of pure-bred Jerseys on his Montview Farm, in Campbell County, near Lynchburg. Mr. Glass makes the fight, he says, for the benefit of the breeders and dairymen of the State who can not afford to make it for themselves and "for others who fear to make it." A phase of the case is the blacklisting of a veterinarian who retested two heifers declared by an agent of the State veterinarian to be tubercular and certified that the animals showed no signs of disease. This veterinarian is still under the ban.

On Saturday the livestock sanitary board, which has jurisdiction in the matter in controversy, met here in the office of the State board of education, when Senator Glass and his consul, John S. Barbour, appeared, and collared their heels in an anteroom, according to the Senator, from about 2:30 in the afternoon until past 7 o'clock in the evening, when they were informed that the board would not hear them.

It is gathered from the rather extensive correspondent that a herd of highly bred Jersey cattle at Senator Glass' Montview Farm in Campbell County was being tested for a place in the United States accredited list of cattle free from the taint of tuberculosis. In January, 1921, two veterinarians, one representing the United States Bureau of Animal Industry and the other the State bureau, tested the herd and found it without even a suspicion of disease, as had always been the case. Last January a single inspector, variously alleged as an agent of the State and the Federal bureau, tested the herd and reported two animals as infected with tuberculosis. This latter test, made by a single inspector, without notice to the owner of the herd and without opportunity to him or to his local veterinarian to observe the test, was gravely called in question by a public health official of Lynchburg, who advised Senator Glass to have the work reviewed by a veterinarian of undoubted skill from the Bureau of Animal Industry at Washington.

Senator Glass took the precaution first to ask the State veterinarian to review the work of his inspector by ordering a retest of the two animals, pointing to the fact that the history of the herd had always been clean and that the two animals alleged to be infected were born on the premises and had never come in contact with an infected animal. The State veterinarian agreed to look into the matter, conceding in writing that the history of the Montview herd justified a review.

### UNPROFESSIONAL CONDUCT CHARGED

The next thing heard of the incident by Mr. Glass was a letter from a Virginia dairymen telling him that the State veterinarian had appeared before the Virginia State dairymen's annual convention at Charlottesville, at which there were visitors from other States, and had exploited this alleged disease in the Montview Farms herd and had implicitly represented Mr. Glass as demanding a privilege of review merely because he was a United States Senator. The State veterinarian proclaimed his intention to tolerate no dictation from Washington, saying he would allow no retest of the two young heifers at Montview Farms.

A week after this public proclamation at Charlottesville the State veterinarian officially notified Senator Glass at Washington that the latter's two alleged reactors would not be retested; and, although the owner of the animals had definitely expressed his intention to cooperate with the State agency in the observance of the law, the State veterinarian ventured to threaten a quarantining of Mr. Glass' entire herd if the latter should not immediately segregate or slaughter the two condemned animals. Senator Glass wrote the State veterinarian that the threat was unnecessary and impudent, since the animals had already been segregated.

### FEDERAL BUREAU WILLING TO RETEST

However, believing that this offensive letter from the State veterinarian, together with the latter's public disclosure of the Montview Farms herd before the dairymen's convention at Charlottesville betokened a spirit of animosity, Senator Glass had a personal interview with a high official of the Federal Bureau of Animal Industry, in which a request was made that the Bureau send one or more of its most capable experts to Montview Farms for a retest of the two condemned heifers, as Mr. Glass did not desire to retain them if infected. This official or the Federal bureau explicitly told Mr. Glass that his request was reasonable; but said the Federal bureau could not do this without the sanction of the State agency, but would make the retest if the State agency would authorize it. Senator Glass thereupon addressed letters to the Virginia State Livestock Sanitary Board reciting the facts of the case and requesting the board to authorize the Federal Bureau of Animal Industry, through one or more of its skilled surgeons, to make the retest. Mr. Glass also requested the State board to consider Dr. Ferneyhough's action in discussing the health of his herd at a public convention at Charlottesville even before notifying him of his refusal to order a retest. On this point Mr. Glass wrote:

I respectfully submit to your board that this action of the State veterinarian is without precedent anywhere in the United States. I am advised by a competent authority that it does violence to every conception of professional ethics. It is conduct unworthy of and disgraceful in a public official thus maliciously to undertake to damage and destroy the property interests

of a citizen of the State with which he had been brought in official contact merely because that citizen had exercised his right to request that the work of an agent of Ferneyhough should be reviewed and confirmed or corrected.

### STATE BOARD ARBITRARILY REFUSES

The State livestock sanitary board met in Richmond and heard Mr. Glass's complaint denied his right of a retest of the two condemned animals by surgeons of acknowledged skill and virtually approved the action of the State veterinarian in his public discussion of the incident. A week later Mr. Glass was made acquainted with the decision of the board and, in acknowledging the brief official notice, wrote:

I am obliged to you for yours of March 13, apprising me of the action of the Virginia State Livestock Sanitary Board at its recent meeting in Richmond. It is needless to say that I am surprised at the action taken and genuinely regret it. In my considered judgement, the action of the board will not prove conducive to the eradication of disease among cattle in the State. It can have no other meaning, as it seems to me, than that the board asserts the infallibility of its agents and refuses to subject their work, when challenged, to review by professional surgeons of approved skill. That is to say, in another way, the board apparently prefers to buy the mistakes of its agents rather than have them revealed and corrected.

I think I can speak dispassionately on this point; and I venture the opinion that, when this attitude of the bureau is disclosed, the cattle owners of Virginia will not be willing any longer to submit their property interests to an utterly arbitrary jurisdiction. For, in such circumstances, the owner of any herd may at any time find himself the victim of an incompetent or malicious agent with out any recourse whatsoever.

I can not temporately express my astonishment at the action of the board in sanctioning the conduct of the State veterinarian in his incredible violation of the very elementary ethics of his profession, as well as the plainest official proprieties at Charlottesville, when he made before a public conference an ex parte statement concerning my respectful request for a review of the work of one of his agents. The inevitable effect of this must be that the State veterinarian will feel that he is authorized to use his position hereafter, through whim or prejudice, to damage the property interests of any owner of a herd of cattle in Virginia, subject only to the risk of a civil action. Manifestly he will have no reason to fear official reprimand.

### VETERINARIAN BLACKLISTED

Subsequently Senator Glass directed his local veterinarian to associate with himself some veterinarian of wide reputation and retest the two alleged reactors. The local veterinarian reported that he could not do this because Doctor Ferneyhough had threatened to blacklist him or any other veterinarian in Virginia who would engage his services to Mr. Glass in the latter's effort to determine whether or not his cattle were really infected. Later, however, Mr. Glass engaged the services of Dr. W. P. Weaver, of Roanoke, after warning him of the State veterinarian's threat and telling him he might be made a victim of arbitrary authority. Doctor Weaver made a searching retest of the two condemned animals at Montview Farms in the presence of another veterinarian and reported to the owner that neither animal had any semblance of the disease. Doctor Weaver was promptly recalled by the State veterinarian and notified that he might appeal to the State sanitary board at a meeting at Blacksburg, on May 29. Doctor Weaver appeared with Hon. John S. Barbour as counsel, but no meeting was held.

### ATTITUDE BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY

Among the papers in the case is a memorandum prepared by Senator Glass for his attorneys setting forth the attitude of the Federal Bureau of Animal Industry toward the controversy and letters from Doctor Mohler, director of the bureau, and Doctor Kiernan, head of the tuberculosis branch, attesting the accuracy of this memorandum. The memorandum recites that Mr. Glass consulted Doctor Kiernan before writing to the Virginia State Livestock Sanitary Board and was told by the letter that the request for a retest was reasonable and that the Federal bureau would make the retest if the State authorities would consent.

Doctor Mohler also said the request for a retest was entirely reasonable and offered to go to Richmond and try to prevail with the State board to order a retest. When told that the State veterinarian had threatened to blacklist any practicing veterinarian in Virginia who should retest either of the animals, Dr. Mohler offered to retest them at the Federal bureau's experiment station in the District of Columbia if the State board would sanction their shipment. Doctor Mohler did come to Richmond and was told, according to a letter which he wrote to Mr. Glass, that the case was closed and would not be reopened.

### RELIABILITY OF RETESTS

As to the reliability of a retest of animals once condemned, the State agency has persistently insisted that a retest discloses nothing of value. On the contrary, the highest authorities say it does. Doctor Mohler, answering a hypothetical question asked by Dr. Mosby G. Ferrow, of Lynchburg, who questioned the work of the State inspector at Montview Farms, said one clear reaction "does not preclude the retesting of animals regarding which there is a question of the accuracy of the diagnosis. The interpretation of the tuberculin test is a matter of judgement rather than a matter of rules. In many cases it requires a keen sense of judgement, and, as we are free to confess, our judgement may at times err; we must conclude that occasionally animals may be classified as tubercular when, as a matter of fact, they are not."

On this point Dr. W. L. Williams, of Cornell University, one of the foremost veterinary scientists in the United States, and his colleague, Prof. D. H. Udall, have written a letter, in reply to a hypothetical question, which Mr. Glass regards as conclusive of the controversy. This is an extract:

1. A heifer born in a tuberculosis-free herd and kept constantly within

such herd without exposure to tuberculous animals, and has not been fed raw milk imported from a tuberculous herd, can not well contact the disease. Any alleged reaction to a tuberculin test should be viewed with great suspicion, and I believe should be retested prior to condemnation.

2. A reliable retest can be made in 60 to 90 days.

You have failed to state the type of test. Professor Udall and others advise me that there have been many errors in making the intradermal test through which numerous supposed reactions have occurred when infection could not be verified by autopsy. Of course no tuberculin test is absolutely certain—we have no such thing in the diagnosis of any disease. But in this new test, probably due to immature knowledge on the part of some testers resulting in error in reading, a number of condemnations, unsupported by post-mortem findings, have been made out of harmony with practical efficiency.

In one instance Professor Udall was consulted where numerous valuable pure-bred cattle had been so condemned, a stay in action was obtained and a retest made it clear that the first test had in some manner led to an unsafe conclusion by the tester.

I consider it professionally and ethically correct, in such instances as those recited by you that after a proper lapse of time a retest should be available, to be conducted by a party of acknowledged skill and character.

### STATE BOARD REFUSES REHEARING

Fortified by additional facts as to the unsatisfactory work of the State's inspector and with the authorities above quoted, Senator Glass and his attorneys, Hon. John S. Barbour and Christopher B. Garnett, sought to appear before the State sanitary board to ask for a rehearing of the case and to request the vacation of the State veterinarian's order black-listing Doctor Weaver. The board, through its chairman, promptly and positively declined to hear further on this matter from Senator Glass and refused to permit his attorneys to appear either in behalf of a retest of Mr. Glass' animals or the rescinding of the black-list order against Doctor Weaver. In view of this circumstance Senator Glass has asked his attorneys to proceed against the State agency in the courts, and this will be done.

### MENACE TO PROPERTY RIGHTS

In the view of Senator Glass and his attorneys this action of the State livestock sanitary board means that the State agency may send any of its inspectors into the expensive herds of any citizen, without notice to such citizen and without opportunity to be present himself or to be represented by his local veterinarian, and condemn his cattle to slaughter without recourse of any kind to the owner. As in this case, the State's agent may be an utter stranger, of whose character, habits, or capabilities the owner has no knowledge whatsoever; this agent may be a person, as in this case, who has ordered the slaughter of numerous animals in other herds which, upon microscopic examinations, disclosed no sign of disease; he may have used few, if any, of the usual and required sanitary precautions, as is charged in this case. Under the ruling of the board, the owners of cattle must submissively assent to the slaughter of their expensive property. Owners will have no right of review by surgeons of recognized skill; they will have no right of recourse from the judgement or against the work of this single inspector.

Senator Glass has in his herd, for instance, three sons of an imported bull that sold at public auction for \$65,000 and has quite a few of the best bred imported cows in the world. Under the policy avowed by the State board, as Mr. Glass and his attorneys view it, all these animals may be destroyed upon the mistaken judgement of a single State inspector from whose decision no appeal may be taken to even the most scientific authority in the United States or the most skilled veterinary surgeons.

### ASSAULT HIS OWN WORK

Another phase of the controversy arises out of an alleged attempt of the State veterinarian to injure the Montview Farms herd. Doctor Ferneyhough on May 1 wrote a prominent health officer in the State, who had seriously questioned the work of his inspector at Montview, saying:

Referring to the history of Senator Glass's herd, according to his own statement, his herd, as tested last January, was composed of animals from the following States: Pennsylvania, Illinois, Rhode Island, and Georgia. When you go into the big dairy States, such as Pennsylvania and Illinois, where there has been extensive infection of bovine tuberculosis, it is very hard to buy animals and ship them in without said animals being exposed to tuberculosis.

To this suggestion that young animals born on his place may have contracted the disease from animals brought from other States, Senator Glass writes this sharp retort:

The disgraceful nature of this imputation is disclosed by the statement that the State veterinarian thus impeaches the integrity of his own work in order to discredit the Montview herd! To begin with, I never had an animal in my herd from Rhode Island. I had 2 animals from Pennsylvania, 1 from Illinois, and 1 from Georgia. With a single exception (a cow imported from the island of Jersey) these animals were brought in my herd four years ago on certificates of approval of the State veterinarian. They were from clean, private herds and all successfully tested for tuberculosis before shipment. They have repeatedly passed tuberculin tests since being in my herd and passed the two last tests by the chosen agents of the State's veterinarian and the Bureau of Animal Industry, including the very inspector whose unerring skill Doctor Ferneyhough is now defending! And, yet, in order to besmirch my herd on Montview Farms and to make it appear that two heifers born on the place have been exposed to infected animals, this State official thus imputes disease to animals passed by his professional colleagues in Pennsylvania, Illinois, and Georgia and repeatedly passed in the four years since by his own accredited and selected agents!

### (TO BE CONTINUED MONDAY)

## VETERANS' NEWS

This department is devoted to the interest of veterans, their families and auxiliaries. Items must be received by Friday evening.

### Legionnaires Make Detroit Citizens Forget Depression

Hail, hail the gang was there—and Detroit and the rest of the country knew it.

From the time the Muscatine Legion drum and bugle corps arrived in Detroit until the day they left, the streets, hotel lobbies, stores and any place the corps could get into responded to the stirring tunes and, loud, if not always melodious, singing of the Iowa corps.

It seemed to keep the boys stepping morning, noon and night with the result that wherever a Muscatine legionnaire happened to be one could hear such comments as "There goes that Muscatine, Iowa outfit—they're always going some place." The local unit of the American Legion has given to Muscatine a great deal of pleasure for its members and drum and bugle corps for their wonderful conduct. At all times, while on parade or when just making "Whoopie" the gang was of their honor.

And so now "The battle of Detroit" like that long ago battle of "Vin Blanc" or the battle of Paris can be laid away surrounded with memories—but, what memories. Never in the history of the American Legion has there been such a successful national convention.

The great parade on Tuesday was natural, the outstanding events of the meeting, and as Muscatine swung down the crowded streets before the admiring eyes of a million people, many who patiently stood for hours to pay homage to the jolliest, happiest bunch of men and women who ever wore the uniform of this country.

It is no wonder that the American army was a winning army for it was a singing army even during the dark days of war, and the survivors today despite depression, thinning

### HEARD BY HEARD AT CONVENTION

It was swishy in our ears that one of the cars on the return trip made to the hotel at the top of 25 miles of Muscatine and then "Sarge," who was driving, calmly announced to his sleepy passengers that they were out of gas, and there they sat on one of the heaviest rain storms of the year. That was bad enough, but to make matters worse the only bugler in the car had a bright idea. Stepping out into the rain, he quickly donned his uniform and, finally, one stopped and agreed to push them into Buffalo to a gas station the bugler knew of. It was a fine idea but for the fact that it went all haywire, for after passing up two perfectly good gas stations our brilliant driver turned into one that was deserted, even the gas pumps were dismantled. Thanks to a gentleman from Council, enough gas was borrowed to get home on time.

Then there was the happy bride and groom with the Muscatine delegation. Addison Phillips and Miss Bernice Long, married in South Bend, Indiana, on the way to the convention. No wonder Addie put so much pep into his playing on the cymbals.

The parade was just a little too much for one of the boys and towards the end of it he picked a spot directly in front of one of the first aid stations and quietly passed out. No doubt he was figuring that the first aid station would have some of that well known "Canadian medicine" to revive him, but instead they gave him a glass of cold water.

Out of the hundreds of drum corps at the convention one of the spot directly in front of one of the Muscatine boys was the "Chickashas" from Oklahoma. The two outfit's got acquainted on the first day and did quite a bit of parading together. (Editors note: This Chickashas Drum Corps is made

# Meat Infection By T. B. Test,

How Tubercularized Cattle Are Slaughtered and Sold for Meat as Part of the Outrageous Graft of Doctors, Officials, Dealers and the Packing Interests

By E. H. Butler

(Food and Diet Specialist, Animal Husbandry Expert and Agricultural Lecturer)

## Article V

**(EDITOR'S NOTE: This is the fifth article in a series of sensational exposures of the T. B. Cattle hoax and graft which is destroying millions of dollars of farmers' property and seriously endangering the health of the people of the United States. We assure our readers that this article is the most sensational and complete exposure of the graft of Doctors, Officials, Dealers and the Packing Interests in the country as being infected with bovine tuberculosis, are bought from the farmers at a low price and then sold at a high price to the public, that has appeared in any magazine. Facts are given showing that cooking does not kill the bacteria and that the American nation is being condemned to eat meat which is condemned by the medical profession. The packers and dealers are the ones that profit, that would seem incredible were not Mr. Butler's proofs overwhelming.)**

**PUBLIC HEALTH**  
—that, we are told, is the main reason for the T. B. testing of cattle. Is there any evidence that those who are trying to put over this pathological ghost on the public really are considering the health of the public?

We say, "It does not seem so," and offer the following facts to prove our contention.

When cattle are tested and found to be infected with bovine tuberculosis, they are slaughtered and with few exceptions SOLD FOR MEAT TO THE PUBLIC.

### The T. B. Meat Graft

From Miscellaneous Publication No. 66, U. S. Department of Agriculture, we read:

"It is noteworthy also that the percentage of condemnations because of T. B. was much smaller in 1929 than in 1916 notwithstanding that about ten times as many reactors were slaughtered in 1929 than during the earlier period."

Now get that statement correctly. It is from government officials. Listen—although ten times more cattle were slaughtered in 1929 because they were infected with T. B. than in 1916, CONDEMNATIONS IN 1929 WERE MUCH SMALLER. In other words condemnations mean

the eyes and knock it out, let them wake up the people to what they are eating. Let them refuse to have cattle slaughtered for T. B. and then sold for eating. Get the packers excited financially and the powers at Washington will bow. Of course the serum manufacturers would howl if tuberculin testing were to be stopped. Let 'em fight it out with the packers.

### Federal Pro-Meat Propaganda

"In a protest against a suspicious appeal of the United States Department of Agriculture to the public to eat more meat, the Journal of the New York State Medical Society says (November):

"Our principal problem is to teach the uninformed the absolute sufficiency for health, growth and muscular and mental power of a dietary embracing very little animal flesh, or one eliminating altogether meat, fish, fowl, viscera and entrails (as of the oyster), and retaining only milk, butter, cream, cheese and eggs, of the animal foods. Hence we, as physicians, are astonished to learn that a department of the U. S. government has sent out a circular illustrated with a picture of a huge chunk of beef, nearly surrounded by a few vegetables and sprigs of parsley, and bearing the words: 'Meat is wholesome for health and vigor. Eat well-balanced meals. Use a variety of kinds and cuts of meat.'

"The statements there-in are indefinitely broad, since meat is unwholesome, except to the very few. Why this boasting of the butchers by a government department? The issuance of this poster-circular should be universally condemned, and the Commissioner of Agriculture should be called to account, to explain, and to withdraw it, by a united intelligent profession."

We have made progress. Such a statement by an official American medical organ would have been impossible ten years ago.

Government records show that nearly 2,000,000 cattle have been killed which had T. B. infection from 1917 to 1929. That means the American people have eaten during this time a large percentage of 2,000,

### Affidavit Proving T. B. Condemed Cattle Are Sold for Beef

STATE OF OHIO, }  
Montgomery County, }  
ss:

Emma Merrick, Katie Merrick, and Martha Merrick, being duly sworn, depose and say as follows:

We are three sisters living in Beavercreek Township in Green County, Ohio. We were the owners of 13 head of cattle, which were tested on or about May 2d, 1927, by a Mr. J. C. Wickham, a State tester, with tuberculin. Before the test we were making from 75 to 80 pounds of butter a week. All the cows seemed to be healthy, were fat and lively. We had kept the strain for 68 years. All the cattle were condemned as reactors, and were sent to Burkhardt's slaughter house at Dayton to be slaughtered. At the slaughter house our nephew Carl Merrick, about 30 years of age, was personally present. None of the cows except two had anything the matter with them. One of these was reported on the report-card from the slaughter house as having a head-cord affected, and one as having a liver-cord affected. THEY ALL WENT FOR MEAT.

We have never received anything from the State or County. We had been making about \$175.00 a month from the milk. We received \$586.00 from Burkhardt's for the 13 head.

(Signed) EMMA MERRICK,  
KATIE MERRICK,  
MARTHA MERRICK

Subscribed and sworn to before me by the said Emma Merrick, Katie Merrick, and Martha Merrick this 21st day of August, A. D. 1927.

(Signed) JOSEPH W. SHARTS.  
Notary Public.

spectors did not condemn as many as unit for human consumption in 1929 although there were ten times more found to be infected with T. B. What does this mean? When cattle have T. B. and the officials say they must not be used for supplying milk because they are infected with this awful disease and these cattle are slaughtered practically 98%

end of the test bunk, that they won't think of the meat eating side, or else there is pressure from the packers. The boys who are coining the dough from rotten T. B. cattle want more of them as they like the idea of buying the farmers cattle at bargain prices. If those opposed to tuberculin testing of cattle want to smash the whole thing between

000 T. B. animals and are eating a greater percentage as time goes on. Do people actually eat T. B. meat? Read the affidavits in the boxes on these pages and see for yourself.

### Thousands of Diseased Animals Eaten

The following is from Good Health Magazine:

"According to Hygeia, 'Federal meat inspectors passed on the fit-

eral government is limited to establishments engaged in interstate or foreign business. Thus it covers about seventy per cent of the meat and meat products in the United States. The inspection begins with the live animals and covers all operations in the handling. It includes supervision over the materials used in curing; even the water used is under supervision.'

"According to the above figures, more than thirty-two million of animals were consumed in this country without inspection, and of these more than seventy-five thousand should have been rejected as unfit for food, and more than three hundred thousand parts of animals were so diseased they should have been condemned as unfit for food.

"What was done with the seventy-five thousand diseased animals and the three hundred thousand parts of diseased animals? Were they buried or converted into fertilizer, as might have been done if they had been discovered by official inspectors? Unfortunately not. They were for the most part cooked and eaten by unsuspecting men and women. Hogs filled with trichina, teeming with tubercle germs; poor cows, reeking with tuberculosis; animals sick with fever; carcasses so far advanced in decay as to be covered with slime and mold an inch deep; thousands of tons of diseased and decayed carcasses of various sorts have been served up as food for human beings in restaurants, hotels and on home tables, and have been buried in human stomachs instead of burned in incinerators or disposed of in some other sanitary manner."

### Congressman's Sensational Statement

The following sensational statement was made by Representative T. Alan Goldsborough of Maryland in a speech on the tuberculin test for cattle before Congress on May 28, 1928:

"The system such as the one in existence is bound to result in a hotbed of corruption. For instance, it is not strange that wholesale tuberculin testing usually happens at the same time that the great metropolitan dealers in milk and the man-

ness of more than seventy-five million food animals during 1928 and of that number about two hundred and fifty thousand animals and carcasses and about a million parts of carcasses were condemned, according to a statement issued by the American Public Health Association.

"The inspection service of the fed-

erators of condensed milk are getting more milk than what they want? And the very cattle which are condemned as being unfit to supply milk are sold for a trifle to meat packers and large city meat dealers to be eaten by the public. Even in case the animal is not given T. B. by the test, the test puts a toxic poison in the body which is equally as bad for the animal and for the meat, when eaten by humans.

Therefore, meat infected with tuberculosis is unfit to eat. Furthermore, most beef is eaten rare and medium done. Tuberculin testing is injecting T. B. germs into animals to be eaten by the public. Even in case the animal is not given T. B. by the test, the test puts a toxic poison in the body which is equally as bad for the animal and for the meat, when eaten by humans.

### Bovine T. B. Becomes Virulent for Hogs

The following is from a U. S. government publication:

"More than sixteen years ago an experiment was begun to determine whether the bovine tubercle bacillus would be made more virulent for hogs by continuous passage through that species of animal. This experiment is of considerable importance because of the light it throws on the stability of types of tubercle bacilli and the possible danger that now exists might be evolved through intimate and long continued association of tuberculosis in cattle and hogs."

"On May 12th, 1913, an emulsion of bovine tuberculosis tissue was prepared and used to inoculate two calves and two hogs. After a number of months the hogs were killed and two fresh ones inoculated with tuberculosis tissue found in them.

The calves also were killed and two fresh ones inoculated with tuberculosis found in them. This procedure was repeated at intervals varying from six months to one year or more up to August 16th, 1928, when tuberculosis tissues, taken out from the last series of cattle and hogs and were tested for virulence on two groups of five hogs each.

"It was, therefore, fifteen years and three months from the time the tuberculosis material was put into the first species of animals until it was recovered from the two species of animals inoculated into test hogs.

"Within that time bacilli had undergone twenty-five passages through hogs and fifteen passages through cattle.

"Investigations to determine the value of the calmette B. C. G. vaccine as an immunizing agent against tuberculosis which have been in progress for a considerable time were continued and a paper giving the results of the first series of experiments published.

"During the year eight calves fed B. C. G. within the first ten days of life and eight controls were added to the experiment and subjected to natural tuberculosis exposure. Five animals similarly treated in their controls either died or were killed. These, with two exceptions, had been exposed for eight months or more to tuberculosis.

"1. The tuberculin test is not sufficiently reliable for diagnosing bovine tuberculosis.

"2. The injection of tuberculin causes the cow to become toxic so that its milk and meat are unhealthy food.

"3. Cheese and butter made from such milk is also toxic and will cause ill feeling just as the milk and meat do.

"4. The eating of such toxic food aggravates the prevailing ailment of a sick person, and creates a disturbance in a healthy body that varies in intensity according to the degree of tissue resistance.

"Scientific evidence shows that T. B. germs are often not destroyed by ordinary heating, boiling or frying.

"While the exposure was sufficiently severe to infect nearly all the animals, the lesions were not voluminous nor very widespread in any of them. The amount in character of the lesions and the principals and controls did not indicate that any measurable degree of immunity had been produced by the B. C. G. treatment.

"As in former years, commercial tuberculin have been tested for potency and purity."

The amount of T. B. gotten by

## Is Uncle Sam a Medical Trust Ballyhooer?

Startling proof of the frequent contention of this magazine that the medical trust is one of the big arms of monopoly power that controls our government is supplied by a recent official statement of the United States Public Health Service.

This branch of the federal government lends its whole influence to the medical trust scheme of vaccinating and serumizing all the school children of the United States. Nothing that has happened in recent years illustrates so completely how the Public Health Service of the United States is merely an annex of the medical trust.

This government statement said:

"Although we may have given our children every attention, trained them in habits of cleanliness and good personal hygiene, fed them the proper food, and corrected so far as possible all physical defects, there yet remains a very important matter to be considered, namely, the prevention of a possible attack of smallpox or diphtheria. In this day and age it is almost criminal neglect on our part to fail to see that our children are protected against these preventable diseases."

The best time to start their immunization treatment is after the child is six months of age. The reaction to the treatment is much milder at this age, although it is just as effective; but what is of more importance, especially in the case of diphtheria, is that they are immune to the infection at the time of life when the disease is most fatal to them. Statistics prove that the death rate from diphtheria is much greater among children attacked before they are five years of age.

"There are very few states in which children are admitted to the

public schools without evidence of vaccination against smallpox and many are now requiring diphtheria immunization. In fact, many communities are now practically free from diphtheria epidemics, due chiefly to the fact that they require diphtheria immunization of all school children.

A comparison of our present day elementary schools with those of only a few decades ago will show a much younger age group completing the elementary course. This is probably not due solely to better trained personnel and school systems, but may, in many instances, be due in considerable part to the fact that preventive medicine has taken its place in the school program. Attendance is more regular, the children are in better physical condition, and consequently there is less loss of time from school work due to illness.

"Thus we as parents can appreciate the privilege and opportunity that is ours to see that our children are in every sense of the word properly prepared for entering school. School life affords real competition. Early defeat is often the cause of failure and a desire to quit the race. We surely will not allow our children to start their race in life with a handicap which is the result of our own negligence, but will see that our best efforts are expended to prepare them properly for their first days in school.

Consider the significance of this. The government of the United States has been pressed into service by the medical trust to influence and push all the people into the acceptance of compulsory vaccination, beginning with the infant in the cradle and continuing through youth and middle age and old age to the grave.

Let us have real medical freedom in America, which not only means the freedom of citizens and their children to select their own methods of being treated, but the freedom of all legitimate schools of healing to present their case and rise or fall solely on the merits of their medical theories and practices.

## Toxin-Antitoxin Dangerous And Useless to the Users

Toxin-antitoxin is a deadly poison and will not prevent diphtheria. In Health Club the editor says: "I find myself wondering whether people who read the advertisements favoring toxin-antitoxin for alleged immunization against diphtheria do not mentally challenge the thing. How many question it? Not many I am afraid. Yet the thing from the scare lines to the vaccination urged upon the public may be doubtful or false. For the theory of vaccination and immunization may be based upon error. Physicians are by no means agreed as to the theory or even the sanctity of vaccinations or for toxin-antitoxin for diphtheria, nor for any of the immunizations, inoculations, serums, etc., raging throughout the medical firmament. One statement of the advertisers is certainly not true. Is vaccination "safe" "harmless"? The roll of deaths and disabilities from inoculations belie that claim."

No, the case for vaccines and serums is not proven. The theory, and it is just a medical theory—nothing more, is open to grave doubts. As the case goes on more physicians are beginning to question it. Those daring to defy the practice and think for themselves are checking up on the claims of the drug manufacturers and vaccine fans. Some day we may see the fallacy of the whole business exposed. At any rate we shall see the theory of vaccination, immunization and all inoculations tested out, not in the scare head advertisements of the vaccine manufacturers, nor by hard-headed doctors, ambitious health officers, and the like, but by careful, clinical observations, conducted by students who have no personal bias to sell and no pet theories.

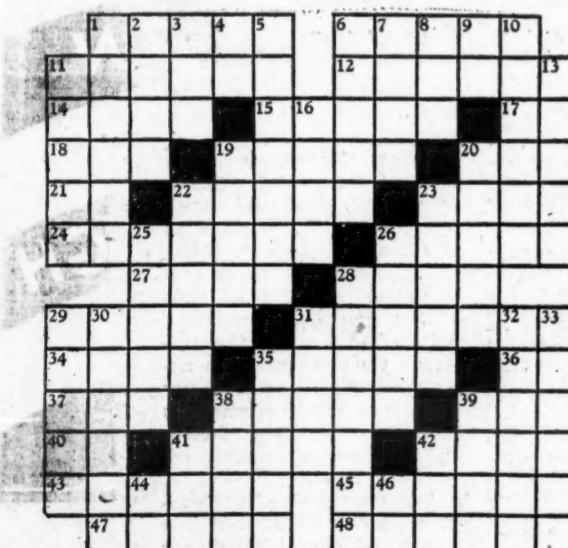
It will come but not soon. Why not soon? In the first place, millions are invested in drug factories turning out these nostrums. Medical factories will not suspend business if not forced to do so by the advancing intelligence of the people. The experts in the drug business are glad to pick up revenue out of the business of immunization cannot be expected to let go. For the sake of blind, stupid, suffering humanity let us hope an ever-increasing number of people will question the vaccination and immunization graft.

The wrongs of the theory will be known some time to every one. It is one of the most frightful injustices ever perpetrated upon the public. This is just another practice which will be discarded for still another method later as has been the case with medical science since the beginning of its history. And though based on an absolute fallacy, organized medicine is moving heaven and earth to compel the acceptance of its theories by the public, then in the light of all available knowledge, the practice will not doubt be repudiated by many other previous practices of past generations.

In order to illustrate the high-powered sales methods used by the serum and vaccine manufacturers, the following excerpt is quoted from the address before the Ohio State Medical Association by J. F. Baldwin, M. D.

At the present time the profession is being overwhelmed by traveling representatives of manufacturing drug houses, who, in addition to all sorts of drugs, are foisting upon us serums and vaccines and preparations of various organs, practically none of which have been demonstrated to have any value whatever, and most of which are known by intelligent physicians to be worthless or worse. I had a little correspondence some time ago with one of these manufacturers, and though he admitted that the

### Crossword Puzzle



(Solution Monday)

**HORIZONTAL**

1—Separates

2—Says illegally

11—Post name for England

14—Injured

15—Root

16—To run away with somebody

17—To depart

18—Gatherings for trade.

20—Nothing

21—Silent

22—Minnesota

23—Debatable

24—Animals of cat family

27—Imitated

28—Devices for raising wind

29—With

31—Hibernates

34—A noise

35—Balls

36—Exclamation

37—Equality

38—Chinese card game

40—By

42—To get up

43—To be fond

45—Insects

47—Cords

48—Caught in a tree

**VERTICAL**

1—Dancing more than one

2—Has the power

3—A bone

4—Toward

5—Sleekly

6—Deprived of wool

7—Gentle knocks

8—Harm

9—Part of to be

10—Body of troops

11—The sandal hem

13—Junces  
14—Fertilized  
15—Lobby  
20—Slipknot  
22—Drunkard  
23—Aromatic herbs  
24—A narrow of beer  
26—Narrow roadways  
28—Something imagined  
29—Small with dismay  
30—Tides  
31—Conflicts  
32—On the ground  
33—Provides with foot coverings  
35—Showers  
36—Groomed  
38—To part with unintentionally  
41—Serpent  
42—Engaged in gaming  
43—In this way  
46—Conjunction

**Friday's Puzzles Solved:**

ALE QUALITY AND  
NERVE DIN ENDED  
DARED HOT AIDED  
PET TENET LLD  
MSD DRN PEST  
I DIMENSION I  
SETUP DIF REDAN  
STILLS G STAINS  
TASSO SHE ERASE  
E EMBITTERS L  
PAY A TEE S PAS  
FEW QUERY MAP  
STAID AWN TOGAS  
PESTS TEA ABACK  
ART OVERLAP NEY

## Broadcasts

### Programs for Sunday and Monday

#### WOC—WHO

890.5 Meters—1000 Kilocycles  
(Central Standard Time)

#### SUNDAY

8:30—Male Quartette.

8:45—"Food For Thought."

9:15—"Neopolitan Days."

9:30—"Destry."

11:15—"Echoes of the Orient."

12:15—"Popular Concert."

1:15—"Sunday Bright Spots."

2:15—"Program."

2:30—"Program."

2:45—"Program."

2:55—"Weather Forecast."

10:10—"Pete Gina Trio."

10:15—"The Stebbins Boys."

11:30—"Hour of Music."

11:30—"Orchestra."

MONDAY

8:30—Male Quartette.

8:45—"Food For Thought."

9:15—"Destry."

9:30—"Cathedral Hour."

9:45—"Basketball Score."

10:15—"Program."

11:15—"Orchestra."

12:15—"Pete Gina Parkers."

12:30—"Bolero."

11:30—"Organ Program."

MONDAY

8:30—Male Quartette.

8:45—"Food For Thought."

9:15—"Destry."

9:30—"Cathedral Hour."

9:45—"Hits and Bits."

10:15—"Blue Streaks."

11:15—"Program."

12:15—"Hog Fish and Market Reports."

12:45—"Gwen McCard."

1:15—"Children's Corner."

1:30—"Children's Pictures."

1:45—"Fiddlers Three."

1:45—"A Song for Today."

1:45—"Nursery Rhymes."

10:30—"Waves of Destiny."

11:15—"Echoes of the Orient."

12:15—"Bull Dramas."

1:15—"WALKER'S BROADCAST."

1:30—"Cathedral Hour."

1:45—"Symphony Orchestra."

MONDAY

8:30—Male Quartette.

8:45—"Food For Thought."

9:15—"Destry."

9:30—"Cathedral Hour."

9:45—"Hits and Bits."

10:15—"Blue Streaks."

11:15—"Program."

12:15—"Hog Fish and Market Reports."

12:45—"Gwen McCard."

1:15—"Children's Corner."

1:30—"Children's Pictures."

1:45—"Fiddlers Three."

1:45—"A Song for Today."

1:45—"Nursery Rhymes."

10:30—"Waves of Destiny."

11:15—"Echoes of the Orient."

12:15—"Bull Dramas."

1:15—"WALKER'S BROADCAST."

1:30—"Cathedral Hour."

1:45—"Symphony Orchestra."

MONDAY

8:30—Male Quartette.

8:45—"Food For Thought."

9:15—"Destry."

9:30—"Cathedral Hour."

9:45—"Hits and Bits."

10:15—"Blue Streaks."

11:15—"Program."

12:15—"Hog Fish and Market Reports."

12:45—"Gwen McCard."

1:15—"Children's Corner."

1:30—"Children's Pictures."

1:45—"Fiddlers Three."

1:45—"A Song for Today."

1:45—"Nursery Rhymes."

10:30—"Waves of Destiny."

11:15—"Echoes of the Orient."

12:15—"Bull Dramas."

1:15—"WALKER'S BROADCAST."

1:30—"Cathedral Hour."

1:45—"Symphony Orchestra."

MONDAY

8:30—Male Quartette.

8:45—"Food For Thought."

9:15—"Destry."

9:30—"Cathedral Hour."

9:45—"Hits and Bits."

10:15—"Blue Streaks."

11:15—"Program."

12:15—"Hog Fish and Market Reports."

12:45—"Gwen McCard."

1:15—"Children's Corner."

&lt;p

## Complete Market Reports

### GRAIN FUTURES ARE IRREGULAR IN CHICAGO PIT

#### General List Turns Easy During Late Trading

CHICAGO—(INS)—Grain futures fluctuated within narrow limits during the short session today with moderate trade. Near the close, however, scattered selling developed on the weakness in securities and the general grain list turned easy.

Final prices for wheat were 1-8 to 3-8c lower, corn 1-2 to 7-8c down and oats 1-4c up to 3-8c off. Rye was 1-4 to 3-8c lower.

Wheat displayed further steadiness in the early dealings. The market opened practically unchanged and held within a narrow range throughout the first hour.

There was little to inspire action on either side of the wheat market. Based on a higher exchange rate, the Liverpool market was around 1 cent firmer, though closing cables were to the contrary.

Tables indicated that price action abroad continued highly erratic with Canadian shippers withholding offers owing to the uncertain exchange market. Argentine is pressing sales of wheat, however, and this was responsible for weakness in nearby deliveries in the English market.

Corn was uneven. Favorable weather, with the map showing clear and cold over the entire western belt, brought a little local pressure in corn at the outset, later, however, the market showed steady undertone with a slight upturn in the general list.

Estimated cash receipts were: wheat 134, corn 102 and oats 33.

#### CASH GRAIN

CHICAGO—(INS)—Cash grain close: WHEAT—No. 3 red 4c; 3 red weevils 4c; hard 49c@50c; 3 hard 48c@49c; 2 mixed 47c@48c. CORN—No. 1 yellow 41c@41c; 2 yellow 40c@41c; 3 yellow 40c@41c; 4 yellow 39c@40c; 5 yellow 39c@40c; 6 yellow 39c@40c; grade 3c. OATS—No. 2 white 33c@34c; 3 white 32c@33c. RYE—None. BARLEY—5¢/61.

#### New York Stocks

NEW YORK—(INS)—Saturday's closing New York Stock prices:

Miller, Chas. & Co. .... 4

Miller, Chas. & Co. .... 15%

American Can Co. .... 75%

American Can & Foundry Co. .... 11%

American Forests Power Co. .... 18%

American Power & Light Co. .... 18%

American Smelting & Refining Co. .... 12%

American Water Works Co. .... 11%

Arizona Copper Co. .... 11%

Atlantic Coast Line R. R. .... 11%

Atlantic Refining Co. .... 11%

Auburn Automobile Co. .... 11%

Baltimore & Ohio R. R. .... 11%

Bethlehem Steel Co. .... 11%

Brockway Motors .... 1%

Canadian Pacific Co. .... 15%

Chicago & North Western R. R. .... 25%

Chicago & Rock Island R. R. .... 4%

Chicago Great Western R. R. .... 4%

Chicago & St. Louis R. R. .... 14%

Chi. & St. Louis R. R

## McGoofey's First Reader

By H. L. PHILLIPS

Who is this?  
This is Hector. Hector is a typical American Citizen.

What is Hector doing?  
He is writing a letter to the newspaper.

Why is Hector writing a letter to the newspaper?  
Because there has been another outrage by gunmen on the city streets in which several innocent standers, including two children have been slain.

What does Hector say in the letter?  
It is a very indignant communication deplored conditions in the community, denouncing the police, hinting at laxity on the part of city officials and demanding how long the people will have to stand for that sort of thing.

Will the letter stop the crime wave?  
Certainly not.

Does Hector do anything else toward remedying conditions?  
No.

Does he go out of his way to join any movement that might curb bandits and racketeers?  
No.

At election time, does he help campaign for the candidate on the reform ticket?  
No, he probably forgets to vote at all, but if not he always votes the organization ticket.

Could you get him to do any hard work in any movement to ban the indiscriminate sale of murderous weapons?  
No. He would say he was too busy.

How do you explain a man of Hector's type?  
It's quite impossible.

## THE STORY OF JANE



1—This is the story of Little Jane.

2—Jane was always very scary and timid. As a child she was highly nervous and was always suffering from fright.

3—She was easily scared by loud noises and by things she didn't understand. Once she was thrown into hysterics by the call of a little cricket.

4—Even as a young woman the sudden ringing of a door-bell would cause her to jump out of her shoes. She would scream if anybody yelled "Mice!" One Fourth of July somebody touched off a firecracker under her window and it

took four doctors to bring her back to normal.

5—Jane was even afraid of people. She was a timid little home body and never went anywhere. She never had any boy friends because she felt men couldn't be trusted.

Once she went buggy riding with the son of a neighbor but when he tried to kiss her she ran away. She jumped up and ran buckety-buckety all the way home. After that she was never quite the same.

6—Jane never married. Her only companion for years was a watery-eyed anaemic little Pomeranian pup. It looked, in a vague way, something like Little Jane and was quite as colorless and scary.

7—One day she found she was no longer able to support herself on a small sum left by her parents. "I will have to find some way to support myself, oh me, oh my!" she said wistfully.

8—And darned if she didn't do it. 9—In a few years Jane had become one of the most successful novelists in the world with an income beyond the dreams of avarice.

10—You will never guess what kind of stories Jane wrote, as we will tell you. Believe it or not, they were all stirring tales of adventure, heroic deeds, epic courage and bloodcurdling murders.

MORAL—You can never get any idea of the author merely by reading the book.

## ARITHMETIC LESSONS

1—John has three sons A, B and C: A is honest, clean living, conscientious and a hard worker; B is a well educated boy of great moral courage, marked candor and a zeal for public service; C is just a Grade D youth, lacking all sense of public duty, who thinks an ideal is a Chinese image of some kind and whose only ambition is to give a poor man an even break, but he is a good mixer and a go-getter. Which of the three sons will go far in politics?

2—A man goes to three doctors to see why he is not feeling fine and dandy; the first one charges him \$300 and tells him to have his tonsils out; the second charges him \$400 and says it is all due to his teeth and acidosis; the third charges him two dollars and says all he needs is more sleep. Which of the three doctors were special mixers and which got to the seat of the trouble at once?

## TODAY'S GRAMMAR LESSON

Which is correct, "The champion ship prize fight was a stirring contest from start to finish, with each man doing his best" or "For a purse of \$100,000 both boys stalled through ten rounds of listless boxing?"

What's wrong with the following sentence?

1—Mr. Coolidge said that he believed Mr. Hoover's administration was reaping the result excesses committed under the previous regime.

2—The great financier, when asked how long he thought the depression would last, answered, "I am afraid it will endure for the next ten years."

3—Mrs. Helen Wills Moody was defeated in six straight sets.

4—The automobile salesman refused to see the prospective customer on the ground he has more business that he could attend to.

5—When asked about the weather for tomorrow, the government fore-

## ALMANAC—SEPTEMBER

23—Wednesday—Major Andrew captured at Perrytown 1780. Twenty thousand Americans driven mad by diabolical 1831.

24—Thursday—United States Supreme Court established by act of Congress, 1789. Statistics show 1987 market analysts in insane asylums as result of trying to make comprehensive charts of stock market movements, 1930.

25—Friday—Columbus sailed on second voyage to America, 1492. Show girl involved in shooting scandal, says that unless certain prominent persons come to her aid at once she will tell all, and more

than 200 prominent men give them selves up, 1931.

26—Saturday—Pacific Ocean discovered by Balboa, 1513. British occupied Philadelphia, 1777. Good glass of beer obtainable in America for five cents, and positively unneeded, 1918. Herbert Hoover sounded out as Presidential prospect, makes great mistake of considering the nomination, 1927.

27—Sunday—British troops under Gen. Gough reach Boston, 1766. Unknown hero makes a stir at Grand Central Station by refusing to accept a Pullman car ticket until he has read all the conditions printed

on the back, 1911. Musical comedy comedian springs an original joke, 1902.

28—Monday—Pennsylvania adopted a state constitution, 1776. Florida sextette girls declared rapidly becoming extinct, 1909. Sleeping on a wet doormat called bad for the health, 1928.

29—Tuesday—Indian massacre at White River agency, Colorado, 1879. Lawyer disbarred by Reno for suggesting that courts be given all the facts in divorce petition, 1930.

30—Wednesday—Chicagoan, 1911. Musical comedy comedian springs an original joke, 1902.

31—Thursday—Alfred E. Smith has as his week-end guest Ex-Senator Tom Heflin.

7—The young woman refused to appear on the bathing beach until she was modestly attired.

8—The directors of the United States Steel Corporation at their last meeting declared a 200 per cent bonus.

Never slight a task that's stiff; When you plunge into life's battle

Well, it won't make any diff.

(Copyright 1931 By Associated Newspapers)

## POEM WITH A MORAL

Always get your work done promptly.

## CAIRO

CAIRO, Ia.—(Special)—About 200 friends of Mr. and Mrs. Herman Linn gathered at the Cain school yard September 18, and gave a miscellaneous shower, in honor of the couple that were married at the Columbus Junction fair, September 11. A social time, the watching of the bride and groom open their many useful gifts, and a very nice lunch was the program for the evening.

A dance was given in their honor in the former I. O. O. F. hall on the evening of September 18. This was also a very enjoyable gathering.

A good old fashioned charvari

was given them the first Saturday evening after the wedding, at their home.

On Sunday, September 20, they left the wedding at Cedar Rapids, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Thomas. Mr. Thomas is a brother of the bride. From there they went to Yankton, S. D., to visit relatives. They then went to Bristo, Nebraska, to visit the parents of the groom, relatives and boyhood friends. It is not known just when they will return. These fine young people are starting on the matrimonial sea, with the hearty congratulations of a very large circle of friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Melvin Smith and

children of Chicago, visited at the home of the former's sister, Mrs. Harold Humiston, on September 24. Mr. Smith has a good position as mail clerk.

There was an unusually large crowd at the Marshall Township Farm Bureau meeting on the evening of September 23, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Glen Cummings. Mrs. Cummings, who is the township chairman of the Woman's Work, was also chairman of this meeting. The program consisted of community singing. Miss Ada Smith, our county superintendent of schools, gave a very interesting talk on rural schools. Miss Fern Anderson, played a piano solo. Mr.

Robert M. Davie gave a talk on Taxes and Farm Prices, a two reel movie concluded the program. Sandwiches and cookies were served.

For the Week

The Industrial society meets on Thursday afternoon with Mrs. Fred Van Der Ploeg and Mrs. J. K. Wilkins as hostesses. Prayer meeting Thursday evening.

BETHEL A. M. E.  
East Seventh street.  
S. L. Bean, pastor.  
Mildred Lamb, superintendent of Sunday school.  
Sister services:  
10 a. m. Sunday school.  
11 a. m. preaching service.  
Class meeting at 12 o'clock.  
7 p. m. A. C. league, Mrs. Laura Harris, president.

FRIENDS CHURCH  
Fifth and Sycamore streets.  
F. Murray Haworth, pastor.  
9:30 a. m. Bible school.  
10:30 a. m. Children's hour.  
11 a. m. morning worship.  
6:30 p. m. C. E. prayer meeting.  
7:30 p. m. evening worship.

Midweek prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:30.  
Visitors always welcome to services.

THE PEOPLE INSIST ON KNOWING THE TRUTH

There must be some reasonable explanation of the tragic conditions that afflict the entire human race at this time!

No longer are the people content to let pass unchallenged the statements of those men who set themselves up as authorities, whether these be political, financial, scientific, or religious leaders. Honest, thinking people are weary of the contradictions of these men. They recognize the utter futility of any relief from them and

WHAT DOES IT ALL MEAN? they ask. WHAT IS THE MATTER WITH THE WORLD? IS THERE ANY HOPE FOR THE FUTURE?

## Jehovah's Witnesses

## announce

## HIS KINGDOM

The Hope of the World!

You Are Invited to Hear—

## Judge Rutherford

## EVERY SUNDAY MORNING

From 10:00 to 10:15

Tune In WOC Davenport

WHO Des Moines

These Programs Are on the Air Over More Than

243 Radio Stations Every Week

A postcard request to International Bible Students Association, Box 169, Dubuque, Iowa will bring you a free booklet that should give you genuine pleasure and satisfaction.

COLONBUS JCT.

COLUMBUS JUNCTION, Ia.—(Special)—A surprise party was held Tuesday, (Sept. 22) evening at the C. A. Anthony home in honor of the birthday of Mrs. Anthony and daughter, Helen. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Frank Adams and family, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Anthony and family; Mr. and Mrs. Earl Bush and five children; Mr. and Mrs. George Tucker and daughters, Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Holland and family; all of new Columbus Junction; Miss William F. Bradly and Tony Morgan, all of Nichols. Games and tricks were the evenings entertainment. Refreshments of fruit salad and cake were served at a late hour.

GRACE ENGLISH LUTHERAN  
Iowa Ave. at Sixth street.  
Leland H. Leafer, pastor, tel. 1203. Res. 510 Iowa Ave.  
Seventeenth Sunday after Trinity.  
Sunday school 9:00 a. m. Mr. Walter Fahy, sup't.

MULFORD CHAPEL  
(Congregational)  
Hershey Ave. at Main street.  
C. W. Hempstead, pastor.  
9:15 a. m. Bible school. Miss Alice Mulford, sup't. Classes for all.

10:30 a. m. Morning worship service. Rev. C. E. Scheer, pastor. Subject: "As" and "So". Anthem by the choir.

Thursday afternoon the Ladies Missionary society will meet. The choir will sing "There's a Friend in the Home Land" Havens. Miss Parkin will play as an offering, on the organ, "Prayer" by Callaerts.

Wednesday, 2:30 p. m. group of young people meet in Delta Alpha room. Older group of younger people meets in Baraca room in basement.

7:30—High school group of

young people meet in the prayer room.

8:30—Graduation exercises in the Bible school. Certificates of graduation will be presented to scholars in various departments.

10:30—Morning worship service.

Sermon by pastor. Subject: "Who's Going With You?" There will also be special exercises in connection with the graduation of the first class from the Three-Year Course in Teacher training. Diplomas will be presented.

6:30—High school group of

young people meet in Delta Alpha room.

8:30—Popular evening worship service. Sermon by pastor. Subject: "What the Bible Says About the Corruption of the Church at the End of This Age." This will be a sermon on prophecy that is being fulfilled.

Announcements for the week:

Mid-week service will be held in the chapel of the church on Thursday evening at 7:30.

WALNUT STREET BAPTIST  
Corner Walnut at Sixth street.  
Pieter Smit, minister.  
Sunday school 9:30, Victor Miller, supt.

Morning worship, 10:30.

Topic: "The Alter of God."

B. Y. P. U. 6:30 Ralph Toborg, Pres.

Evening service 7:30.

Topic: "Unneeded."

Prayer meeting Thursday night.

7:45.

ST. MATHIAS CHURCH  
211 West Eighth street.  
Father W. L. Hannan, pastor.  
Schedule of masses: Services at 6, 8 and 10 a. m.